Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

BY FORCE AND ARMS!

CONVENING OF THE LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

Armed Soldiers on the Floor of the House.

They Depose an Officer and Expel Six Members.

The Conservatives Withdraw.

The Eastern Press Thundering Against the Outrage.

The Democrats Organize the Lower House.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan 4—In the House a motion was made to [illegible] the present organization whereupon a scene of great confusion ensued in which by a motion to seat members from contested parishes. The Republicans protested against organization and denounced it as revolutionary. The sergeant-at-arms was called upon to seat members and restore order. Finally a motion to proceed to a permanent organization was carried. L. A. Wiltz and ex-Gov. Hahn were put in nomination. The call finished, the result was announced. Wiltz 56, Hahn 2 blanks. A quorum having voted Wiltz was declared elected and the oath of office was administered. Many Republican members left the house. The rest started to go, when the speaker directed the sergeant at arms to allow no one to go out. A clerk was then elected and the swearing in of members began the sergeant at arms expelling [illegible] people in preventing the

Exodus of Republican Members.

Gen. De Trobriand was sent for and at the request of the speaker he cleared the lobbies of police and strangers. Gen. de Trobriand asked that Vigors, clerk of the House, should read some letters which he presented. The request was granted. Clerk objected. The General then asked that as he was unable to judge who was clerk of the house his Adjutant should read the letters. The Adjutant then read the letters one of which stated to the General that his illegal body was sitting as a House of Representatives, and that Mr. Vigors clerk, would furnish a list of those members who had been duly elected and as was in force in the returning board. Another letter requested the General to eject those members who had not been returned as elected by the board.

The chairman of the committee on elections submitted a report declaring eight members whose names were given, and who were rejected by the returning board elected. General de Trobriand expressed no difficulty in executing the wishes of the members were rejected by the returning board. Finally by the aid of Hugh Campbell Illinois General Vigors clerk of the last House, succeeded in finding six who were each

Taken and Held by Between two Soldiers,

As they by advice of the speaker refused to go without force being used. They entered a formal protest against the act of General de Trobriand who then ordered Vigors to call the roll. Speaker Wiltz refused to permit Vigors to occupy the clerk's spider and [illegible] to [illegible] him. General de Trobriand declared that this was

An Organized Legislature

[illegible] Wiltz was no speaker, and ordered two soldiers to escort Vigors to the clerk's place, which was done.

Speaker Wiltz then and briefly recounted the acts of the day. He protested against the outrages committed upon free citizens, declared that Louisiana was no longer a sovereign State that she had no longer a republican form of government and concluded by calling on the supreme officers of the State to retire with him before this show of arms. The Democratic representatives headed by Wiltz, then left the hall and out of the State House to No. 71 St. Louis street, followed by a large crowd who cheered heartily.

Arrived at the hall Wiltz, in an [illegible] briefly related the circumstances of the occupation of the hall by soldiers. He then called the members together and adjourned till 4:30. After the return of the Democratic representatives the Republican members who had returned to the hall, organized by the election of ex Governor Hahn as speaker and adjourned till to-morrow.

[illegible] scenes from the New York

NEW YORK, Jan 5—The *Tribune* denounces military interference in New Orleans yesterday as the greatest outrage that has ever been attempted upon the citizens of a State. A body of legislators, never elected by the people but seated upon them by bayonets and through fraud, attempt to legislate for the State. Nothing in history not even the great conspiracy by which border ruffians undertook to seize the Territory and State of Kansas can be found as any parallel to this crowning indignity of the Federal administration.

The *Times* avoids endorsing or approving the proceedings. It says: Troops were called in to remove persons not members of the Assembly and their commander included in that number certain Democrats not named by the Returning Board but who had been admitted to the Assembly and who were so named. To this the Democrats who seem to have been in the minority of those present endorsed by the Returning Board protested.

The *Sun* heads its report, Yesterday's Doings. "The Crawling Outrage."

The *World* has nothing but praise for the spirit in which the Democratic legislature refused to submit to a tyranny which they could not resist. There was no reason why they should not have resisted to the death except the hopelessness of it. Yielding they would have had consequences pitiful and terrible even to think of. The legislators of Louisiana yielded with decency when they could not resist with hope; but terrible as would have been the consequences of resistance they are less terrible than will be the consequences of submission on the part of the people of the United States to an outrage which has been perpetrated upon them all, through the people of Louisiana. For that submission in any tolerance of this last and worst outrage of the traitor who sits in the President's chair which is a blot on the [illegible] time [illegible] and dis grace will be a condition that the American people will no longer [illegible] the liberty which in that case [illegible] it will not take long to lose.

The *Herald* declares the scene a spectacle which should cause every true American to blush in shame and indignation. Possible resistance would have been justifiable if it be ever justifiable in any case. A greater outrage on every principle of free government was never perpetrated.

The New Orleans Press on the Outrage.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan 5—The *Times* says: The farce of a State government in Louisiana received another illustration yesterday. Practically we have no government, legal or illegal and have not had during the past two years. [illegible] the use of this word for these mere rights! The rule is that of the musket, the sword and a central authority and everybody knows it. Proclamations by the President and appeals for assistance by Gov. Kellogg are formalities which do not cloak the real nature of the business. There is no pretence in this case, of [illegible] seizure of the State House by United states troops on the eve of the [illegible] assemblies and forcible expulsion of members.

The *Picayune* says: For the first time in the history of the United States, armed soldiers have invaded a legislative hall and have ejected members who have been used to expel representatives of the people from their seats. No one even dreamed that the President had the right to suspend the writ for the purpose of shaping the organization of a State legislature. In this case there was no emergency such as the law contemplates no chance to put him in possession of a channel with the law points out. There was no insurrection, no invasion. The general assembly was in session. It has not asked him to [illegible] organization. It has not asked him to [illegible] simply but there was a [illegible] and upon Kellogg's application the President sent forces to drag from their seats members whom Kellogg asserted had not been properly chosen to constitute an organization under his direction. There is no escape from this statement of facts.

Sheridan in Command

NEW ORLEANS, Jan 4—[illegible] Gen Sheridan issued an order at 9 o'clock to night announcing its cessation by order of the President of the command and of the Department of the Gulf.

Sheridan on the Situation

NEW ORLEANS, Jan 4—The following dispatch was sent but cut out. Gen Sheridan to Secretary Belknap to night. With life I regret I announce to you the existence in this city of a spirit of defiance to all lawful authority. The insecurity of life can hardly be realized by the general government or the country at large. The lives of citizens have become so precarious that unless something be done to give protection to the people all security is nearly afforded will be over soon. This defiance of laws and the murder of individuals seem to be looked upon by the community here from a standpoint which gives impunity to all who choose to indulge in either. The civil government seems powerless to punish or even arrest. I have to night assumed control over the Department of the Gulf.

ACCIDENT TO GEN. ALVORD—Washington Dec 23—Paymaster General Alvord who met with an accident recently while leaving a street car slipping on the ice and breaking the small bone of his right leg just above the ankle, is doing well under the care of Surgeon Basil Norris. It is believed he will entirely recover.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

The Gussie Telfair Weather-bound in the Harbor of Victoria—Trouble on Board.

VICTORIA, Jan 3d—The steamer *Gussie Telfair* arrived on New Years morning from Sitka and Fort Wrangel but has not been able to proceed to Portland on account of the prevailing high winds.

Thos. Manley, second mate on the *Telfair* when lying at Nanaimo, was taken before Judge Spankling charged with having knocked down a fireman with an ax and kicked in his ribs inflicting injuries that will probably prove fatal. The prisoner was discharged. The injured man is supposed to be dying.

Murder by a Drunken Indian

Advices from Sooke state that an Indian while under the influence of whisky killed another Indian and afterwards beat and mutilated the murdered man's wife as long as he was visible in her. Officers are in pursuit.

Attempted Murder.

[illegible] 12 o'clock, an elderly man, named Geo Sarsee, better known among his friends as "La Turco," was struck on the head with a hatchet in the hands of Mate Crasillo, on a fruit store on the corner of Fourth and Market streets. Crasillo who was married a few months since to a young lady who had been introduced to him by Sarsee, gained information that Sarsee was circulating slanderous reports concerning his wife. He met him in the fruit store and asked him what he meant by circulating such reports. Sarsee instead of making a reply, it is said, presented a revolver at the head of Crasillo, who picked up a hatchet and struck Sarsee on the head with it producing a severe wound. Crasillo was arrested by Officer Kearns but as yet no charge has been preferred against him. The wounded man was removed to an hospital.

Interior California.

LOS ANGELES, Jan 5—Persons who propose to put in contracts for building the Southern Pacific railroad from Spriggs to San Gorgonio pass have been over the ground and report the route an easy one over which to build a road.

The report of rich mineral discoveries in the vicinity of San Fernando is partially confirmed.

SAN DIEGO, Jan 5—Mr Kurtzer or Kurtner, a professor of astronomy, went from here to San Rafael Lower California on the 14th December. After arriving there he left his baggage at the store of Powers & Furlong saying he would take a stroll and look at San Rafael valley, since which nothing has been heard nor seen of him. He was about 45 or 50 years of age, good looking, intellectual and well dressed, and appeared to have money.

The *Union* has the following dispatch from Arizona: Prescott, Jan 4—A new road is being built via Greenwood mining district to Colorado river, also from San Bernardino to Colorado river, which when completed, will shorten the distance between Prescott and San Bernardino 100 miles.

MONTANA

HELENA, Jan 5—Maj. Welsh, of the Canadian mounted police who arrived here from Fort McLeod reports that whisky traders are entirely expelled from the British Possessions.

The [illegible] recently [illegible] bullion were received by express from the Jawbone ledge Jefferson county. A [illegible] body of silver ore has been struck on the Silver Bell lode Lobber district.

A new site for Crow agency has been selected by Agent Clapp at the mouth of Prior's [illegible] up the Big Horn. [illegible] will [illegible] with [illegible] in the Black Hills near Fort [illegible].

SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

MASONIC.

Baker City Lodge No 47 S B McCord W M, D L Moosnaw, S W, J W Wisdom, J W, J B Gardner T, L B Ison S, D S Newton Tiler, Wm Brown S D, John Lappinger J D, Geo Legree S S, S F Mitchell, J S.

War Eagle Lodge No 6, Silver City, I T John Hallenbeck W M, George Vass S W, Fred Krunkee, J W, John Greta Treas, J L Hall, Sec, Thomas McDonald S D, W Hall, J D, A K Leonard and —— Kenneday Stewards, Frank Brainard Tiler.

Cyrus Chapter No 2 R A M Silver City to serve during ensuing year. H R Carter M, L H Perry P, McCabe, L K Bun Cook, P S, J C Gross C H, R Gillis P S, T West, R A C, D Finehan M 3d V, E A Thompson M 2d V, J Greta M 1st V, I Schuster, Treas, J F Mikkleson Sec.

Walla Walla Lodge No 1, O P Lacy W M, L P Berry S W, John A McNeil, J W, J E Bourn Treas, C F Whitmer Sec, J B Brooks S D, A Seetel J D, Thomas Page and —— Whitmore Stewards, D M C Ross Tiler, O P Lacy, A Scholl I P, Page R Jacobs and S Truax, Trustees.

ODD FELLOWS.

Philetarian Lodge No 8 Roseburg, J C Fullerton, N G, J A Palmer, V G, C Gaddis, Sec, W R Willis Treas.

Baker City Lodge No 20, R Alexander, N G, J H Shann V G, J F Atwood R S, T C Hyde, P S, G W Parker, T, L Bilson and L O Stearns, Trustees.

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.

Salem Grange No 17, M Fisk M F R, Smith O T L Davidson I, J R Thompson S, O Savage A S, J B Fullerton I, John Minto S, George H Cromant G K, Martha A Minto, Pheumy Strong P, Josephine Walker I, Fannie Keisar L A S.

Baker City Grange, C M Foster M, J M Swift O, Thos Smith L, John Stewart, S M J Hindman A S, Wm Baldock Chap, J J Campbell T, C H Clement G K, Mrs I Clement Ceres, Miss Florence Hindman Pomona, Mrs T L Small Flora, Miss E Stewart L A S.

Highland Grange No 70, Clackamas county, A Nicholas M, Joseph Walton O, David Wright L, John Jones S, D D Rugo A S, J Traylor C, J P Rugo F W, J Allison S, Franklin Rees, G K, Mrs E Rugo C, Mrs M E Wright, P, Mrs E Traylor F, Miss M J Rugo L A S.

Gervais Grange No 190, Marion county, J W Thornberry, M, W H Rugo O, A Clark L, J D Smith S, S Harkelrood, A S J Crosby, C, J T Smith T, W A Wade S, John Connor G K, Mrs J D Smith C, Mrs D W Morris P, Mrs G H Settlemire I, Mrs S Harkelrood L A S.

ALFONSO PROCLAIMED KING

PARIS, Jan 1—The Spanish Minister of the Interior has sent the following dispatch to the governors of provinces. Alfonso the Twelfth has been proclaimed King by the nation army and navy. A regency has been formed under the presidency of Canovas del Castillo without portfolios. We hope your patriotism will induce you to firmly maintain the great interests confided to you.

The Alfonsists consider that Carlism has received its death blow.

Ex Queen Isabel has received the following dispatches:

All the towns have responded enthusiastically to the proclamation. (Signed)

CAMPO DE RIVERA,
Captain General of Madrid.

We pray our Majesty to transmit the news to your son that we congratulate him and you on this great and triumph achieved without bloodshed. This telegram is signed by Gen Primo de Rivera and Canovas del Castillo.

Isabella, in response to the dispatch of Gen Primo de Rivera sent the following telegram:

The King proceeds to Spain at once.

Alfonso has telegraphed to the Pope asking his blessing, and promising that he will like his ancestors, defend the rights of the Holy See.

ENGLAND AND AMERICA

EXTRACTS FROM THE SPEECH OF HON. WM. M. EVARTS AT A BANQUET TENDERED HIM BY THE UNION LEAGUE OF NEW YORK CITY.

I am glad to take this opportunity of saying, that from Boston to the Rocky mountains and from Niagara to New Orleans I have never heard one mention of my native country that an Englishman would not like to hear. [Applause.]

THE CIVIL WAR.

I acknowledge that there never was any struggle in which my own country was engaged in which I felt so intense an interest as in your great war. There never was a war on which did end so great a stake or of which the issue was more important. History I believe [illegible] will declare that it was the war of this century of this age. What were the two great results the great stakes at issue? The preservation of this great Union the abolition of this terrible evil of slavery. What would have happened if you had not succeeded? Why, your Union would have been broken up and standing armies, with alliances, combinations frontiers with constant jealousies at war with each other, would have been the ruling feature of the age, and as regards slavery, the slave power would have obtained the dominion over a large portion of your country and in fact the world would have been put back in the progress of civilization for many many years. What would then have been the result. There never was a war waged for a greater stake. The results can be summed up almost in two words. Slavery abolished in the United States and by the abolition and destruction of slavery your Union saved not only from that terrible evil but saved I fully believe forever. [Applause.] No one can travel over your country or read your history without seeing that you are united together by every tie of trade interest and blood and without seeing that such a tremendous evil as slavery could never hope to separate you.

I knew what an important war it had been and how great the stake and the results but I confess that traveling in your country has made me realize it more even than I did for I was reading to-day the accounts that reached me during the struggle and it has made me realize more completely what a terrible war it was. No doubt in which there ever was a civil war or any war which was waged with greater destruction of life on each side, with greater suffering and I may say, with greater courage heroism and endurance—and when I say that I do not say on one side—for your fellow-countrymen in the South showed that they are Americans showed I may say that they were of English descent. [Laughter and applause.] They fought indeed on what was the wrong side, but which many of them didn't think a bad cause. Circumstances appeared to so surround them such seemed to be the fate and destiny hanging over their actions, that they did not seem so much to be fighting against the nation in their own [illegible] as fighting for their firesides, as I have been told since I was in the South. Not only was the war waged one of the greatest wars in the world for the valor and heroism with which it was waged, but there was another fact in both [illegible] to me in the most vivid [illegible], and that is that these brave men [illegible] was a civil war which I verily believe has left less hatred and rancor behind it (applause) less hatred between the victor and the vanquished less between the freedmen and their [illegible].

I consider that there is absolutely no feeling of ill will left on the part of any of the true men of the South or the North as to what has happened during this struggle for the cause [illegible] been entirely wiped out of their memories. I say this to the credit of our common race that we believe there never was in all the past not merely of its tremendous size—that we can hardly find anywhere—but any civil war for any length of time whatever that has left so little of that feeling of hatred on the part of the combatants, and made it so easy for them to unite together and be one country, as your President says. [Applause.] As I went through the country I heard [illegible] of the battles in which they had been opposed to [illegible], and in fact I was always told if there were any disagreement left it was not between those who had fought, but rather between those who had not fought. [Laughter and applause.]

POINTS OF RESEMBLANCE BETWEEN ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

Well, I dare say I will be told that there is no use of talking so much about attainces between two countries because after living some time in America Americans become very different from Englishmen, and Englishmen are changed from what they were when Americans left the country and those differences will be sufficient to keep up disagreement. I believe if any one holds that opinion it is a very great mistake. There are differences but it appears to me that they are differences in appearance rather than in reality. Let me give my own impression on coming here. I freely confess the first day or two I was struck with differences but after that the differences have seemed to disappear, and I have been able to fancy that I have been in my own country. Then you may take the difference in the governments. Well there is a difference in the form of government but it is curious how we get at the same end, have the same objects, and how there is the same principle in our government. I have been spending a week in Washington, and was most kindly allowed to [illegible] as much as possibly could be seen of the machinery of your parliamentary body but I confess at first sight there seemed a very great difference. I was aware of one more remarkable difference in finding that a majority cannot [illegible] to be a minority as soon as the majority of the country have declared against the party to which they have belonged with your institution it would be difficult. I do not know whether it would be possible to make a change in this respect but I was not prepared to find out this fact—that members of your House of Commons, if I may be allowed to so designate your House of Representatives remained in power and remained members long after they had been turned out. [Laughter.]

[illegible] in your House but I find out that two thirds—I was told probably at would be one-half—of the gentlemen I had the pleasure of seeing had waiting for them those who were ready to take their places and who like the [illegible] in the queen were waiting in all [illegible] and still kept out. [Laughter.] If I come across my own colleagues when I go home I shall certainly tell them how different would have been their position here and how exceedingly premature in an American point of view would I have been our precipitate action of last year. [Laughter.]

But I believe you have a very good reason for this difference. It seems to me that it is your way of ringing in the conservative elements in affairs, which I suppose would be necessary in any popular government. The principle of both countries is that the will of the people shall be obeyed. That is the principle upon which your government is founded and your Parliament is constituted and upon which our government and Parliament are constructed. Though both of us think we should be perfectly sure we know what that will is yet you take time to find it out. [Laughter.] We have our House of Lords, and it appears to me that these delays and checks of a year or so do with you what our House of Lords do with us and I am not at all sure that your plan is not rather more conservative of the two. I only say this as illustrative of the similarity between us and you in principle and reality though there may be a difference in appearance and form.

Well, there is talk about the difference in the form of government. You have a Republic and a central government over your federation of States and we have our islands with their sovereign and our colonies growing up to be our equals. And yet our fellow subjects rejoice in a common allegiance to the constitutional monarchy because the fact is that we have not been altogether stupid, that is to say the lesson you taught us about colonies one hundred years ago we have to some extent learned and I imagine that we have learned it so far that we have made it very hard for our colonies and I shall continue to make it very hard for them, to wish to leave us. Whether under President or sovereign whether you choosing as you do your first magistrate from time to time or proud as we are of our loyalty to our beloved and honored Queen we are substantially alike.

You and we together whether American citizens or British subjects are the citizens of commonwealths. The practice of our governments is in a large measure the same—a government of the people for the people by the people. [Applause.]

I alluded a year or two ago to the speech of Mr. Hewitt (who was present in the audience), who spoke far too kindly about myself. I don't know whether he is a Free Trader or not—but he said he looked forward to the time when he would be a Free-Trader, because the difficulty of having free trade was that labor was cheaper with us, and soon we should be having the English laborer so well off that labor would be as dear. We have made him far better off than he was—we shall make him still better off, and I believe Mr. Hewitt will find out that the best way to make laborers in both countries best off is to have the greatest freedom of commercial intercourse. Which is best may be left to speedy history to decide. If there is any one thing we want it is justice to the weaker race—we to India and Africa you to your negroes and Indians, and both of us to China and Japan, and the islands of the Pacific and I mention this because it is an illustration of how much easier it is for us now to work together—the two Governments—than it was. There is [illegible] very little more [illegible] than this—that we should set our faces against that terrible trade of Coolies in China and against that revival of the slave trade in the islands of the Pacific.

A few years ago we could hardly have counted upon you for assistance. Now we can count upon you for the fullest assistance and we know both Governments will be sparing each other up to do their duty in the matter.

MR FORSTER'S CLOSING REMARKS.

Now, gentlemen I have already detained you longer than I expected, and I must now conclude. I must beg you to let me think you, to wish you through your prosperity to your great country, and peace between your States, and wisdom and virtue to your statesmen so that by just and equal rule over every class contentment may prevail throughout your wide border, north and south and west and I can hardly sit down without giving especial thanks to the Club, sir, [turning to the President] of which you are President for its courage in [illegible] and me in enabling me to meet not only its own members but so many of our distinguished citizens and in doing so perhaps I may take the name of your Club as an omen for the future.

This Union League Club I am told was formed in dark hours of danger to bind together loyal Americans in support of your glorious Union against the slave power. May it be the type and forerunner of another union league of a close alliance between the United States and England, and all English speaking communities of a friendship between our Governments so that we together may influence the world by proving how great are the blessings of popular government, when individual self control prevails among the people, for do and upon it neither you nor we will be able to promote the liberties abroad or protect the liberties of others or even preserve our own liberties if either of us allow this individual self control to fade from among us. [Great applause.]

INFLEXIBLE JUSTICE IN DETROIT

AN EXTRA OCCASION.

When the corridor door opened nine men aged from eighteen to fifty five, walked out, and Bijah arranged them in a half circle around the desk. His honor lifted his voice nine times to ask if they were guilty or not guilty of the charge of vagrancy, and nine voices squeaked out in answer —

Guilty!

Sergeant Burger had made a day of it and gathered them in from the shores of the gurgling river and from the bleak alleys, and there they stood. Some were tall and commanding, and some were short and retiring in demeanor. There was not a whole coat on any man's back, and some of the nine hadn't passed a comb through their hair since the day of the last Chicago fire. Some assumed graceful postures and others didn't care a plum for grace, but hung to the railing and waited for the performance to begin. It soon began. It began with a speech his honor remarking:

FELLOW CITIZENS OF AMERICA.—Never before during my career as judge of this court have I ever seen so many vagrants before me at one time and it may be years before I see another such lot. If I should speak to you separately it would take half a day for me to express my feelings and so I shall speak to you collectively. I presume you all know the object of this meeting and I presume you are ready for business. Have any of you anything to say?

There was a pause. Some of the nine looked at Bijah and wondered why no cap sillary substance vegetated on top of his cranium and others gazed at the clerk and wondered how many election bets he lost.

If none of you have anything to say I will go on with my speech, continued his honor. It shall be brief and to the point. I shall make no mention of the Pilgrim Fathers, nor refer to the glorious Fourth of July nor yet advert to the present stringency of the money market. What I desire to impress upon your mind is the fact that each of you is chalked for a stay of four months at the work house. The convention stands adjourned.—*Detroit Free Press.*

The States electing Governors in 1875 are California, Connecticut, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Wisconsin—total thirteen States. The political events of the year begin with the New Hampshire election, in March.

OREGON

The Presbyterians of Poseburg are preparing to build a church edifice.

A. B. Kellogg, of Oakland, has received a patent on a plow invented by him.

The total snow fall at Baker during this winter up to Dec 30th, was 13 inches.

W. J. Eastabrooks was elected recorder of Baker City vice R. H. Cardwell, resigned.

John P. Kane of Douglas county has been pronounced insane by the county judge.

The mercury was down 22° below the freezing point at Baker City the last Saturday in December.

About $16 000 was cleaned up at the Virtue Mill near Baker City, during the month of December.

The new Episcopal church at Baker City was occupied for worship for the first time, on New Years Day.

There were five burials in Odd Fellows' cemetery, at Salem, in December, three males and two females.

The postoffice at Salem was moved into new and more commodious quarters, opposite the Chemeketa hotel, on the 4th inst.

On the night of the 25th ult. snow fell to the depth of four inches in Grand Ronde valley and sleighing was quite good.

Burglars recently entered Frank & Bamberger's store, at Baker City, and stole a few articles of clothing, but got no ready cash.

A lady from North Powder wants to know the whereabouts of one Mac Short who left her house a few days since closely pursued by a fire-shovel.

Active steps are being taken by leading citizens of Salem to secure liberal contributions from the people in aid of the Nebraska and Kansas sufferers.

The [illegible] School building in Baker City is progressing rapidly to completion, and when finished will be an ornament to that young and growing town.

The State land office at Union caught fire on last Saturday night from the stove-pipe. The fire was extinguished by snowballs before any particular damage was done.

At Amelia Baker county, most all the men are at work throwing up dirt for spring—expecting water from the new ditch which is being pushed with a will by the Celestials.

The new Methodist church at Baker City will be dedicated on Sunday, the 17th inst. A supper will be given immediately after the dedication to raise funds to finish the church.

The Lodge of Good Templars at Salem is flourishing as to numbers financially and otherwise. The Lodge treasury contains $225, and some cash out at interest. A handsome and enjoyable entertainment was given last [illegible] day evening.

The people of La Grande held a meeting Thursday, of last week for the purpose of taking action in relation to the Dalles and Salt Lake railroad. The object of the meeting was to obtain an expression of sentiment in favor of the measure.

The recorder of Salem reports 103 arrests during last [illegible] by the city police, 95 of the persons arrested being found guilty, fines received $112 for violations of ordinances and $141 for violations of State laws. There [illegible] for Recorder were $2,752. Warrants were drawn on the treasurer for $13,886 18.

A few days since Mr. F. R. Hill of Willamette sold a lot of broom-corn of his own raising to F. M. Rumbaugh broom [illegible], of Albany, for $4,25. The price was remarkably good and proves that Douglas county is a good section for broom-corn raising, and that what [illegible] its culture can find a market at home.

W. P. Tatem, a farmer who lived [illegible] Dixie, in Polk county, went away from home on the 23d of December, being last seen on that day here, at Salem, and he wrote home the next day. It is supposed that his mind was affected, and his family are anxious to hear from him. Any persons possessing information of his whereabouts will confer a favor by writing to his son, Thaddeus P. Tatem, Polk county Oregon.

Tuesday a Salem *Statesman* says: "The State board of examination met yesterday in semi-annual session, but in consequence of the absence of Secretary Chadwick, who had been called to Portland to meet his brother, who the land not come for several years, the board, after appointing 10 o'clock this morning for a meeting of the board of examination, and transacting some unimportant business, adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M. to day."

From the *Record* we learn that a man named Kincaid was arrested for assault with a dangerous weapon, at Salem last Monday. The circumstances were these. Kincaid and his wife were divorced at Albany some time ago, and the court granting the decree gave to the husband the custody of a little girl, aged 13, and to the wife the care of a boy. The defendant was in the lawful possession of his daughter, in the dining room of the Commercial hotel on Sunday evening when plaintiff entered the room and endeavored unlawfully to deprive the defendant of said possession. A scuffle ensued, in which Kincaid drew a revolver, which was immediately taken from him by bystanders, whereupon plaintiff was ejected from the dining room, and defendant placed under arrest, as charged above. The preliminary examination resulted in Kincaid's release.

Charley Dean of Douglas county aged 13 years, sends us the following obituary notice of an old pet in his father's family. Our old mare, Ellen, is dead. She was born in Chicago, Illinois, in the spring of 1844. She was used as a saddle and carriage animal in 1848. She hauled a [illegible] wagon through the States of Illinois, Missouri and Iowa, until 1852 when she was brought to Oregon by Charles Dean who swam the Missouri, Grasp, Columbia and many smaller rivers. She and her mate which is still living brought the family carriage from Iowa to Oregon. She raised 17 colts her sons, daughters, grand daughters, etc now number over 100. On the morning of the 29th of December, 1874, she [illegible] for the first time in life over 30 years and died of pleurisy pneumonia on Jan 1 1875. After a long life of usefulness never refusing to pull or carry her rider, she shall be buried and the place marked as her grave.

CAPTURE OF THE BROWN BOYS

Readers will remember the hostilities occurring in the Klamath country last summer, in which Geo Brown was killed by a man named Hurt who was brought into Jackson ville, given a preliminary trial and released on bail and on his return was slain by Williams and Walter Brown two brothers of the man killed by Hurt while he was riding along the highway in company with a man named Prine, and who is said to be the only witness to the tragedy. Since that time, until a few days ago the Brown brothers have eluded arrest although every effort has been made to capture them, a reward of $500 being set upon their heads. About three weeks ago certain suspicious circumstances induced the officers to believe that they had returned and were lurking in the vicinity of their old home on Sprague river in Lake county. Sheriff Manning, of Jackson county, deputized Deputy Sheriff Thomas B. Kent and H. L. (Curry) Webb to seek for and capture them if possible. The others repaired secretly to the locality mentioned but could find no trace of their men. They however became satisfied that the Brown boys were in that part of the country. The latter to throw watches off their guard they went to Yainax reservation and employed three noted Indian scouts to hunt the parties, the locality supposed to contain the refugees. These scouts showed the spot for two days and nights at some distance from a house was a stack yard containing ricks of hay. One of these was watched by an Indian, who on the second morning just at day break saw one of the supposed men emerge from the stacks, and with a gun in hand, go to the house. Soon another did the same, and then the Indians returned to the office rs and related what they had discovered. The weather was very cold and clear with about a foot of snow on the ground, but the officers determined to capture them as soon as possible at any rate to know who lived in those haystacks. On the following morning they in company with another white man and the three Indians, repaired to the spot, reaching it about 3 o'clock. The moon shone brightly the snow was soft and light and everything was propitious. Cautiously approaching the fence surrounding the stacks they reconnoitered the ground and found the men asleep in a little shed between a stack and the fence. Leaving the Indians on the outside the men sprang over the fence and surrounded their sleeping victims unobserved. At a given sign they were called upon to sit up and throw up their hands, which they very readily did, when their astonished gaze revealed the close proximity to their noses of three double [illegible] all cocked. They were handcuffed and taken to the house, where after taking leave of their friends, they were brought to Jacksonville by [illegible] those at the [illegible] and then on foot, [illegible] on foot and in the snow. They reached here on Christmas morning, and the Browns were duly [illegible] it fell where they will now [illegible].

It is [illegible] they had been [illegible] in Benton county until within a month past, and had returned to [illegible] to meet [illegible] for their safe conduct from the [illegible]. We have given only the outlines of the manner of their capture as related [illegible] minor particulars being [illegible]. Great praise is due the officers [illegible] the capture when the [illegible] and the risk—are taken into consideration [illegible]. *Jacksonville Herald.*

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. C. Co.'s

Old BOURBON WHISKY,

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

And Dealers in

SAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect [illegible]

DAILY (Sundays Excepted).

PORTLAND AND ALBANY.

LEAVE. ARRIVE.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY. (Except Sundays)

FREIGHT TRAIN.

DAILY (Except SUNDAYS) At [illegible]

SUMMER EXCURSION

From Portland to Victoria and Return, via O. S. N. Co., N. P. R. R. and P. S. S. N. Co.

ROUND TRIP, $20!

To Tourists and Families forming CLUBS OF Five OR MORE, tickets, good for the entire season will be sold for the above rates.

This route presents to tourists and pleasure seekers one of the most delightful and picturesque trips on the Pacific coast.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 6, 1875.

THE SITUATION IN NEW ORLEANS.

The news from Louisiana this morning is most discouraging. Again the authority of the Federal Executive is used to support the waning power of a minority Governor, for the second time the State Legislature is dispersed by the bayonets of United States troops, and two bodies, each claiming to be the legal Assembly, are sitting in different halls. If the spectacle of Sunday was humiliating and disgraceful, this last outrage may well call forth the angry protest of the whole people.

When the Louisiana Legislature met, last Monday morning, there were no indications of trouble. Notwithstanding the scandalous conduct of the Returning Board in reversing by canvass the verdict of the people at the polls, there was a manifest disposition on the part of the aggrieved people to submit quietly until relief could be had through the legislative branch of the government. Kellogg had telegraphed to the President for more troops, and the President had honored his requisition. So on Monday morning the State-House was guarded by squads of United States soldiers and Metropolitan police. The Legislature assembled and the lower house was duly organized. The usual formalities seem to have been complied with—such formalities as the appointment of a committee on credentials, the election of Speaker, Sergeant-at-Arms, Clerk, etc.

An officer wearing the uniform of the United States army appears on the floor of the House and asks that certain letters be read by the Clerk of the last House. Objection being made, he orders a file of soldiers to remove the officer elect of the House, and install Vigors, the former Clerk. This is done at the point of United States bayonets. The committee on credentials presents its report declaring certain persons duly elected and entitled to seats. Vigors, the [illegible] Clerk, presents a pretended list of members. The Federal officer, Gen. de Trobriand, announces that these constitute the House of Representatives of Louisiana, and commands all whose names do not appear on Vigors' list to leave the floor. They decline, and are forcibly expelled by the troops. This is done at the point of United States bayonets. The Federal officer next orders Vigors to call the roll, and Speaker Wilts directs the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove Vigors. Again the Federal authority intervenes. With a wave of his sword, the soldier-Speaker declares "this no Legislature and Wilts no Speaker." Thereupon the Conservative members withdraw.

The facts in the case we have assumed that the troops which accomplished this outrage [illegible] less than an outrage of most atrocious and dangerous character) were United States soldiers. The correspondent of the New Orleans press clearly indicates them to be true.

Every thinking man will at once recognize these proceedings as extraordinary and without precedent in law. The Constitution of Louisiana makes each house of the Legislature judge of the election and qualifications of its members. It does not confer upon any Returning Board, much less on a United States army officer, any power to decide who shall and who shall not be admitted to seats in the Legislature. The sole function of the Returning Board is to canvass the vote, detect irregularities and submit their findings to the legislative branch of the State [illegible] each house can, under the Constitution, admit contestants [illegible] by the Board. The lower House had exercised this constitutional prerogative, it seems, and certain persons who had been declared not elected by the Returning Board, had been declared elected by the committee on credentials. Just here the Federal authority intervenes, pronounces upon the law and the facts, drives Representatives from their seats, and fills their places the willing tools of a corrupt and vicious Executive. Gen. de Trobriand was obeying the orders of a superior officer—the General commanding the Department of the Gulf. That commanding General is subject to the orders of the Secretary of War, and the Secretary of War receives his instructions from the President. It is thus made possible for a President at Washington to make and unmake Legislatures in distant States; to tear down and build up State governments, and shape the destiny and fix the fate of communities to his own pleasure. If our statement of the facts be correct, then in the scenes of Monday President Grant, be it wittingly or unwittingly, appeared in the character of another Cromwell, dispersing the parliament of a sovereign State by no right save the right of the strongest. In all candor, being deeply impressed with the national significance of the events now transpiring in the South, we ask: if such things are possible in Louisiana, are they not also possible in Oregon?

A GENUINE BOURBON.

From the tone of his paper we judge that the editor of the Eugene *Guard* belongs to that cowardly wing of the Northern Democracy which, lacking the manhood and physical courage to aid the Southern Confederacy in the field, sought to destroy the Union and maintain the slave power by passing resolutions denouncing the war as "a miserable failure." The following paragraph, taken from the *Guard* of Jan. 2d, tends to confirm our opinion:

DEAD.—Gerrit Smith, the notorious abolitionist and so-called philanthropist, died a few days since. We can only hope that he has not gone to meet his "just reward."

There is not an honest son of New York, whatever his political creed, who will not resent this covert, slanderous attack on the dead. Howsoever radical and extreme Gerrit Smith may have been in his sympathy for the slave, his honesty and integrity was never questioned in his life-time. He was a genuine philanthropist, not only a friend of the oppressed negro but a benevolent friend of the poor white man. He gave of his means once to every worthy cause. One of the largest and noblest benefactions was the gift of his immense estate—200,000 acres of land—among the poor whites of his neighborhood, in parcels of 40 and 50 acres. His whole life was lustrous with deeds of love and charity. We opine that the man who thus reviles the cofined dead, never owned a slave nor saw a plantation. In the old days of slavery the cruellest, overseer was the renegade Yankee. The genuine Southerner, impulsive but brave and generous, was never heard to utter a sentiment so mean and vicious as that quoted from the *Guard*. May the good God deliver the republic from the clutches of the Northern Bourbon, who neither learns anything nor remembers anything save his hate of the "nigger" and the power that emancipated him.

THE DOLE OF AN ORGAN.

That address to friends and patrons of the OREGONIAN, published in this paper last Friday, worries a morning cotemporary into all manner of intemperate language. When the article was written we could see in it nothing calculated to produce a sensation. It was intended for a dispassionate, truthful statement of the work done by the OREGONIAN in 1874 and its intentions for the new year. We had not the remotest idea that it would occasion such distress as the *Bulletin* complains of. But by some process of chemical affinity that paper takes to the words "corruption" and "bribery," and straightway there is such an effervescence and angry bubbling as can only ensue when two villainous elements come together. The pub ic is treated to such elegant epithets as "lying prospectus," and such forcible figures of speech as that in which the *Bulletin* pronounces the patrons of the OREGONIAN characters who are "a shame to His Satanic Majesty." (The *Bulletin* always has a way of emphasizing its ideas with capital letters that is perfectly irresistible).

Now we must beg our irritable neighbor to keep more quiet. In its present feeble condition, the least excitement is liable to prove fatal. We don't want to see it go into the purgatory which awaits all organs, with all its sins on its empty head. As for us, out of our abounding charity we vow never again to flaunt the red flag of a prospectus before the enraged *Bull-etin*,—until 1875 at least. At the same time, neighbor, if you derive any pleasure from gnashing your teeth at honest folk, why, gnash away! We are much obliged to the *Bulletin* for advertising our prospectus.

The Detroit *Tribune* furnishes some interesting figures bearing on Senator Chandler's chances for re-election. It says: "There are published in this State at this time 106 newspapers which are pronouncedly Republican, and about twenty others 'devoted to local interests,' but have Republican leanings; up to date but thirty-six of the whole number have pronounced in favor of Mr. Chandler's re-election."

THE INDEPENDENTS.

[From the Chicago Times, Dec. 22.]

That the so-called Independent party, which has made considerable stir in the political world since the "Anti-Lecompton" and "plaindirt" campaign of 1872, is going to be incontinently disbanded, swallowed, absorbed, and "used up," by the professional politicians of the Bourbon or the Republican label, is very far from being one of the settled questions in American politics. Throughout the northwest, the Independents are a positive political power. They have an organization in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and three or four other States, that has made its power felt at the ballot-box, that has gained in a great many places, and in some of state magnitude, the prestige of victory. The "free-soil" or Fremont political party which contested the presidential election in 1856, and out of which there sprang the great all-conquering party that elected Mr. Lincoln and politically revolutionized the nation, set up in business upon far less capital than the Independents can boast of to-day. In not a single State had it gained a single victory when, amidst the scornful jibes of the old party professionals, it went into the Fremont campaign, to be overwhelmingly defeated, but out of the ashes of which defeat it suddenly sprang, Phœnix-like, into a new and conquering existence. Of course the political conditions now are different from the conditions then; but the history of that day is, nevertheless, not of a kind that tends to discourage the ambitious hopes of the Independents of to-day.

The significant letter of Congressman Kelley to the recent assembly of Independents at Indianapolis is a straw on the political current of the time that it would be unwise not to observe. Since the publication of Mr. Kelley's letter, Mr. Buchanan (to whom it was addressed) has written to a conspicuous Independent in St. Louis a letter in which he states, upon "trusted knowledge of the fact, that Congressman Kelley "will come out flatly for the Independent party before the winter is over, and in time to take a prominent part in the national Independent convention at Cleveland on the 14th of March."

In Illinois, there have appeared no signs of an indication on the part of the Independents to abandon their organization. In the Legislature, which will convene next month, they will compose a strong minority; not much, if any less than the old Bourbon minority. The Bourbon managers have been laying a great deal of pipe to catch their votes for a Bourbon speaker of the house; even the disreputable Boss Hesing has been engaged to apply his apparatus for delivering other folks' votes out of his pocket. But, as yet, this characteristic Bourbon programme has not given great promise of fruition. There is, among the leading Independents, a manifest disposition to maintain their own organization, leaving the gates ajar for repentant sinners to come in, but declining any and all invitations from old party spiders to walk into their parlors. Should the Independents persist in fighting it out on this line, meantime bringing to the front some abler leaders with better brains in their heads, it would be the height of presumption to say that their political race is run. There is no predicting what the political events of the present winter and the succeeding summer may bring forth. Even the longest-headed old party fugleman never, in the whole course of his existence, found himself so completely as now in the situation of one who realizes the fact that he isn't either a prophet or the son of one.

CATCHING A LUNATIC.

(Washington Corr. of the Boston Journal.)

A fine elm tree, which stood near the gold-fish pond directly before the Capitol, has been cut down, unavoidably, as it with others obstructed the view of the building. At one of the inaugurations of Mr. Lincoln—the first one, I believe—a crazy man clambered up into this tree, and, going out on one of the branches until it swayed with his weight, he began to address the assembled multitude at the top of his voice on slavery. The officials entreated him to come down, but he refused, and declared that if any one attempted to climb up after him he would jump to the ground, which would have killed or maimed him. And so he kept shouting away, although it was almost time for the President-elect to appear on the platform in front of the Capitol, and there deliver his inaugural. No one could have heard this had the lunatic continued to yell out his incoherent and blasphemous sentences so near him. What was to be done? Some shouted, "Shoot him!" but there was a general cry of disapprobation. A mounted army officer conceived a plan for quieting the noisy fellow. Riding up to the tree in which he was perched, he said in a commanding tone: "You, sir, up there! Mr. Lincoln desires to see you a few moments, to consult you about his inaugural!" "Does Lincoln really want my sublime ideas?" said the interested lunatic. "He is waiting in the Senate Chamber," replied the officer. "I'll come right down," answered the crazy man, and he descended with great rapidity, but no sooner had he touched the ground than half a dozen detectives grabbed him. He struggled lustily, declaring that the President had sent for him, but he was carried bodily to the guard-house, and just as his ravings grew faint in the distance, Mr. Lincoln came to the front of the platform and delivered his inaugural without interruption. I have never since seen the tree without thinking of this incident.

AN IMPULSIVE STATESMAN.—Jim McCue is a member of the California Assembly, and one of the most impulsive of San Francisco's statesmen. If he should rise high enough in politics to step into Congress—and the fact that he is one of the richest saloon keepers on the Pacific coast, with an extensive drinking acquaintance, gives reasonableness to such a surmise—he will be a good member not to have a misunderstanding with. The other day Mr. McCue rode out with Colonel C. A. Spear, another San Francisco politician. They stopped at a wayside groggery to drink, and in getting into the carriage again they jostled each other. The Colonel unwittingly put his hand toward his pistol pocket, and the Assemblyman, putting the ordinary Western construction on the movement, quickly drew his own revolver and fired. The ball went half way around the Colonel's head between the skull and the scalp; but court-plaster and an apology are likely to heal the wounds of cranium and friendship, and thus no break will be made in the ranks of the Assemblyman's supporters.

AN OREGON SUBSIDY SCHEME.—One more railroad subsidy scheme was added to-day to the long list before the House. This is the bill offered by Mr. Nesmith, of Oregon, to guarantee 4 per cent. interest on the bonds of the Oregon Central Pacific railroad and telegraph line, to the amount of $20,000 a mile. The inhabitants of Oregon seem to have given up the hope of ever seeing the Northern Pacific railroad built, and are now looking for connections with the present transcontinental line, which shall also open the fertile eastern portion of their State.—*Washington Corr. Chicago Times.*

The Washington *Chronicle* of Dec. 22d, announces a new departure as follows: Commencing with the year 1875, one number of each week of the Washington *Chronicle* will be handsomely illustrated, by a corps of artists now employed by the company, and will produce a pictorial paper second to none in the United States. Of the first number, fifty thousand copies will be issued.

CURRENCY.

$30,000 in Currency wanted.—For the next 60 days we will take Currency at par in exchange for Merchandise on all "cash" sales. All goods sold at a "reasonable profit."

CURRIER & CO.,
73 First Street.
d8d1m

MARRIED:

In Boise City, Dec 24, C. P. Bilderback and Miss Hattie Bayhouse.
In Jacksonville, Dec. 31, J. C. Catmore and Miss Priscilla Dollarhide.
In Jacksonville, Dec. 31, Louis Colver and Miss Jemima Dollarhide.

DIED:

At Payne's Ferry, Boise Valley, Dec. 31, Jack Kennedy.
In Ashland, Dec. 23, Mrs. Thos. Smith, formerly of Salem.

NEW TO-DAY.

BLANK BOOKS, PASS BOOKS, YOU CAN GET them at C. W. WINTZINGERODE'S.

LINEN B. SHIRTS, (Star Make), open fronts and open backs, for Men and Boys, for sale by JOHN WILSON.

WINDOW GLASS.

350 BOXES,

AT COST OF IMPORTATION

FROM ENGLAND,

Sizes from 8x10 to 28x40,

IN LOTS TO SUIT.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. L. STORY,

PORTLAND.

Counting-House Desks,

LOW, STANDING AND DROP LEAF, SWIVEL, Library and Arm Chairs. We have the Agency for Peard's Folding School Desks. Also, the Gem Desk. Peard's Folding Desk is the best School Desk made in the United States.

OREGON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, PORTLAND.

MACHINE OIL!

LARD OIL, CHINA OIL, DOG FISH Spindle-oil and Castor-oil,

IN LOTS TO SUIT.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

MANILA PAPER

ALL SIZES and WEIGHTS

AT THE AGENCY OF

CLACKAMAS MILLS,

72 Front street.

Eastern Oysters!

FRESH LOT BY EVERY STEAMER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

BOTH EASTERN AND SHOALWATER OYSTERS served in the Finest Style, in the OYSTER ROOMS of the

"GEM."

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,

No. 107 FIRST STREET.

N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated

Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties

ARE SERVED.

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A. FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

is offered to the Trade at low rates, by

AILEN & LEWIS.

a18st

NOTICE.

MY WIFE, MRS. A. E. FARRELL, HAS LEFT my house without just cause or provocation, and I notify all persons that I will not pay any debts contracted by her. I also notify all persons holding notes against me to present us the law directs for the collection of the same.

W. L. FARRELL.

Multnomah county, Or., Jan 5, 1875. ja5 1w

W. S. NEWBURY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Has Removed from Holmes' Building to Rooms 10 and 11 Monnastes' Building,

FIRST, BET. MORRISON & YAMHILL.

W. W. MORELAND,

Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

GRAND BALL,

TO BE GIVEN BY THE

SCANDINAVIAN SOCIETY,

AT

GOOD TEMPLARS' HALL

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 7, 1875.

TICKETS..... $1 00.

NOTICE.

THOS. P. MOORE,

DANCING ACADEMY.

Corner First and Madison Streets.

WILL BE OPEN EVERY TUESDAY, AT Nonpariel Hall. Saturday's Soiree. Private lessons Saturday afternoon, commencing at 2 P. M. ja1 1m P. MOORE, Teacher.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A. L. FRANCIS,

Professor of Music.

AFTER EIGHT YEARS EXPERIENCE IN Teaching Music, offers his services to the citizens of Portland.

Will receive Pupils on the Guitar, Piano and Violin.

Orders may be left at Gray's Music Store.

Residence at Mrs. Taylor's, cor of Third and Main

E. M. BURTON,

ARCHITECT,

Over H. Boyd's Insurance Office, on First,

Bet. Washington and Stark Streets,

PORTLAND.

H. W. DILG,

Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,

Washington Street, between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line.

Locks and Safes repaired at short notice and in No. 1 style. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent models made to order. d3d 4m

J. B. ROBERTS,

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98 First Street.

Money Loaned on approved security. Notes discounted. Currency and Gold Dust bought and sold. d4d1m

R. DINSMORE, Broker,

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Money loaned on real estate and personal security. Legal Tenders bought and sold. GOLD DUST BOUGHT. Interest allowed on time deposits of coin. Exchange on S. F. d1d3m

LOUIS RAU,

PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,

And Manufacturer of

Mathematical & Telegraph Instruments,

No. 80 FIRST, bet. Oak and Stark,

PORTLAND, OREGON. n30-2m

AUCTION SALE OF TEAS!

BY

S. L. JONES & CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,

Thursday, January 7, 1875,

Ex "GREAT REPUBLIC" and "VASCO DE GAMA:"

Importation of Macondray & Co.

4,000 PACKAGES

NEW CROP

JAPAN & CONGOU TEAS!

In Assorted Packages, Comprising

Bulk, one-pound and half-pound papers;

Lacquered Boxes in three, four-and-a-half, five and ten pound packages;

And Large Fancy Cases.

S. L. JONES & CO., Auctioneers,

San Francisco.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

56 First street, between Stark and Oak,

Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURS,

Offer this Season a very Large and Superior stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs.

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Dealers Supplied at Reduced Rates.

Orders and repairing promptly attended to.

TO LOAN!

$7,000 ON PERSONAL SECURITY IN sums to suit, from $300 upwards.

$1,000 on Country Real Estate.

$1,000 on City Real Estate.

FOR SALE!

A FINE CITY RESIDENCE, IN A SPLENDID neighborhood, and on high ground, can be bought for Cash what the building cost.

ALSO, a Patent right for Montana Territory, on an article that every man, woman and child must have.

WANTED!

A VACANT LOT, OR HOUSE AND LOT, somewhere on high ground and not farther than ten blocks from the Postoffice, the cost not to exceed $1,200.

For an actual trade call at my office,

A. S. GROSS, General Broker,

ja4 d3t Foot of Stark street.

Don't Overlook This!

FOR $7,000; ORIGINAL COST, $11,300.

Title Perfect. Terms Easy.

MY ELEGANT RESIDENCE, ON THE NORTH-east corner Taylor and Twelfth streets, Lots 1 and 2, Block 368. Is for Sale.

J. M. G. KALLICH

REMOVED.

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist.

Has removed to Rooms No. 4, Dekum's Building, cor First and Washington streets. daw

RAGS, BOTTLES, JUNK.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR THE ABOVE. 2,500 grain sacks for sale at Kafka's Junk Store, corner of Oak and Front streets.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

BLANK BOOKS! BLANK BOOKS!

We have just received direct from the

BEST MANUFACTORER

IN NEW YORK A

FULL STOCK

OF

ACCOUNT BOOKS.

The line contains everything from a 12 mo. Pass-book to an "Extra Medium" Ledger, and will be sold at the

LOWEST RATES.

Blank Books Ruled and Bound to order of any desired Pattern.

J. K. GILL & CO.,

Booksellers & Stationers,

75 FIRST STREET.

SAVE YOUR SCHOOL BOOKS!

ALL WHO BUY THEIR SCHOOL BOOKS

OF

J. K. GILL & CO.,

THIS TERM,

WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH THE

ADJUSTIBLE BOOK COVER,

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NEW YEAR'S GIFTS!

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

ELEGANT BOOKS

AND

FANCY GOODS,

AT

J. K. GILL & CO.'S,

d31-3t 75 FIRST STREET.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

BLANK BOOKS

AND

COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERY

AT THE

LOWEST SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

BLANK BOOKS

MANUFACTURED TO ORDER, BY

CHAS. HIRSTEL & CO.,

Booksellers and Counting-house Stationers,

77 FRONT STREET,

Portland.

BEST

AND

CHEAPEST

PORTLAND DIRECTORY

FOR 1874,

CONTAINED OVER

800 NAMES MORE

Of bona fide residents of this city,

Than any other Edition for that Year.

OUR DIRECTORY FOR

1875

Will Compare as Favorably.

A BEAUTIFUL PHOTOGRAPH OF

THE MAYOR

AND

Members of the City Council

TO EVERY SUBSCRIBER.

SUPPLEMENTS (Containing Changes and Removals) FREE OF CHARGE.

TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR 1875:

Complete Directory of Residents of Portland and East Portland.
Business Directory of Portland and East Portland.
An Almanac especially compiled for Portland latitude.
List of Improvements (and their cost) made in this city during 1874.
Review of the city, dispelling the ideas of habitual croakers, and showing by a complete census that Portland has more inhabitants now than it had a year ago.
Telegraph Offices on the Pacific Coast.
Express Offices.
Complete School statistics and List of Schools.
Reliable Commercial statistics.
Meteorological Table for every Month in 1874.
Report (in full) of City Auditor and Clerk for 1874.
Sixteen full pages of Engravings.
Police statistics.
Names of United States Officers and Members of the Cabinet.
Heads of Department Bureaus.
Supreme Court of the United States.
Chief Officers of U. S. Army.
Custom House Officers and statistics.
Postoffice Department, revised laws and statistics.
City Fire Department.
Federal, State, County and City Officers.
State Militia Forces.
Military Department of the Columbia.
U. S. Engineer's Department.
A Complete List of all Courts, with names of Judges and Terms of Court.
A full Directory of all Lodges, Societies, Clubs and various organizations.
Directory of Chinese.
A large amount of statistical and other valuable information, which for sufficient reason, we think prudent not to mention at present.

OUR DIRECTORY

Will be Ready for Delivery during the Month of JANUARY.

Be sure and see it before Buying Inferior Publications.

OFFICE, 5 WASHINGTON STREET,

NEAR FRONT.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

BOARD WITH OR WITHOUT FURNISHED Room can be had in a strictly private family, by young gentlemen, or one married gentleman and wife. References required.

Mrs. A. TAYLOR,

Cor Third and Main sts.

Meeting of State Horticultural Society.

THE MEMBERS OF THE ABOVE SOCIETY are requested to meet in the city of Portland on Thursday, the 14th day of January, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., to revise the Premium List for the State Fair. Meeting will be held at Office of P. of H. A. R. SHIPLEY, Secretary.

Valley papers please copy. ja4 d&w

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

ORIFLAMME.

FRANCIS CONNOR.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port,

THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1875, At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, SAN JUAN, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGEL and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES.....Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1875, At 4 o'clock P. M.,

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EMMA HARNDT,

J. F. WILLINEY.....Master.

EMPIRE,

C. H. BUTLER.....Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with Steamers at Coos Bay.

F. SCHEITER, Agent, Coos Bay; D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco. 106 Davis street, near California.

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMER WELCOME will leave the dock foot of Ash street, (O. S. N. Co's wharf) at 6 o'clock A. M. every morning (Sunday excepted), for Oregon City, connecting with the 6 o'clock A. M. TRAIN for Salem. On Monday and Thursday for Corvallis and intermediate points, and on other days with the FANNIE PATTON and E. N. COOKE, of which due notice will be given by Posters.

FARE, ONE DOLLAR.

For Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton and Lafayette, connecting with Steamer DAYTON on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Fare, 75 Cents.

All up freight to Corvallis or Lafayette and intermediate points for One Dollar per 100.

Freight received on the Dock of the O. S. N. Co. or O. S. S. Co. for any of the above points.

Through Freights to America forwarded without delay at the lowest rates.

All Freight delivered free of drayage.

J. D. BATES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE FOR [illegible] FOR DALLES Daily, (except Sunday) at 7 o'clock A. M.

FOR ASTORIA Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 P. M.

FOR OLYMPIA and TACOMA W. T. (Connecting) at 6 A. M.

FOR WALLA WALLA Thursday and [illegible] A. M.

S. G. REED, Vice Pr.

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

Steamer "GOV. GROVER" for Corvallis, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

Steamer "WILLAMETTE CHIEF" for Albany, on Tuesday and Friday at 6 A. M.

Steamer "SHOSHONE" for Points on the Yamhill River, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Steamer "BEAVER" for Astoria, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER

OHIO,

Leaves the Wharf foot of Alder street, Portland, for Salem, Albany, and all intermediate points, on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week. Leaves Albany on return, Mondays and Thursdays, until further notice. No delays on account of low water. Rates of freight reasonable. For any further information apply on board, or to Frank Dodge, Agent, on the wharf.

U. B. SCOTT, Master.

Astoria to Oysterville.

The Steamer FAVORITE, carrying the U. S. Mails, leaves ASTORIA and UNITY on Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, connecting with the O. S. N. Co.'s boats. On intermediate days the Boat can be chartered for any business that offers.

Through freight to Oysterville will be receipted for on the O. S. N. Co.'s wharf at Portland, and through passage can be secured by applying to Purser of the Company's steamers.

J. C. FOX,
d17d3tawtf Agent, Astoria.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master.

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf, for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board.

OYSTERS.

GO TO

JOE WATSON'S

(63 Front street,)

TO-NIGHT

For an A No. 1 Oyster Stew.

OYSTERS!

M. KEITH,

Importer and Dealer in

New York Transplanted and Shoalwater Bay Oysters.

90 First Street, Portland.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

KNOW THAT I, RICHARD R. ANDERSON, have been living in this city since 1872, under the above name, and I do hereby, from this day and date, assume my own birthright name, LORENZO R. HEITLER, and I will pay accordingly all debts contracted, either by me or my wife, under the name hereto fore known as R. R. Anderson. I will still continue my business as tailor, cleaning and repairing, on Oak street. I remain most respectfully,

ja1 1w L. R. HEITLER.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMED a copartnership under the name and style of Fleischner, Mayer & Co., for the purpose of importing.

L. FLEISCHNER,
JACOB MAYER,
SOL. HIRSCH,
ALEX. SCHUESSEL.

Portland, January 1, 1875. ja1d&w1w

AUCTION SALE.

A. R. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales OF REAL ESTATE GROCERIES, MERCHANDISE AND [illegible]

Sales Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

At Private Sale [illegible]

Large and [illegible] CASH.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

To Whom it may concern: Be it known that I will pay no debts contracted by my wife, Mary Ann Mansfield, after this date. Portland, Jan. 1, 1875. JAMES MANSFIELD.

Regular Auction Sale

OF

Furniture, Carpets, Mattresses, Etc.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 6, AT 10 A. M.

AT SALESROOM,

1 Large French Plate Mirror, in Gilt Frame
1 " " " " Walnut "
2 Small " " " "

BEDROOM, DINING AND PARLOR FURNITURE.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

5511 bxs SOAP,
85 chests Japan TEA,
10000 CIGARS—La Paloma,
50 bxs Carbolic SOAP,
75 bxs Family SOAP,
25 Challenge SOAP,

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

A. R. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.

OF [illegible]

FIRE AND INLAND MARINE RISKS.

Assets Exceed $1,000,000 in Gold.

OREGON BRANCH.

THE Investment Co. OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Cash Assets, [illegible]

DONAHUE, KELLY & CO., Agents.

CHARLES KELLY, Manager.

This Company has been before the public for many years, and has established a reputation for liberality and fair dealing with the insured, which is unsurpassed by any Company on the Coast.

Policies issued at the lowest rates of the day.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid at the office of the Company in this city.

Capital, [illegible]

Assets, [illegible]

BRANCH OFFICE,

First Door [illegible]

Portland, Jan. 1, 1875. ja1 1m

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

PUBLIC READING!

LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS—a warm welcome to citizen and stranger—[illegible] always welcome.

Noon meetings daily, except Saturday, from 12 to 1 P. M.

Room No. 1, over Ladd & Tilton's Bank, corner Stark and First streets.

W. C. GRAY, Secretary.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of Levy Seller & Co., of Portland, Oregon, has been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Samuel Levy retiring from the firm. All debts due by said firm will be paid by Mr. Levy and Samuel Seller, who will continue business under firm name of S. & H. Seller & Co., at Harrisburg, and they are authorized to collect all debts and demands due said firm.

SAMUEL LEVY,
HENRY SELLER.

Portland, January 1st, 1875.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

[illegible] to Elizabeth Ann Northcraft, lot of land containing 36 acres in Section 21, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., $160.

Thos. H. Cann and wife to F. McGilvra, lot of land containing 40 acres of land in section [illegible] T. 1 N., R. 2 E., $160.

M. M. Gilman to T. J. Patterson, Block 122, East Portland; consideration $1,000.

T. J. Smith and wife to [illegible], lots 5 and 6, block 107, East Portland; consideration $1,000.

[illegible] Severson and wife to H. M. Bell, lots 5 and 6, block 107, East Portland; consideration $1,000.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Mr. Geo. L. Story has quite a number of boxes of window glass which he is determined selling off at a sacrifice, as he has no room for it, being out of the business. This is a rare opportunity to buy very cheap in order to

Portland, January 18, 1875.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES

[illegible] Days---Wednesday and Saturday

At Private Sale,
[illegible]tment of GROCERIES and [illegible]
Liberal advances made on Consignments
To [illegible] disclosing Stock [illegible] I will purchase Second Hand Furniture
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
Furniture, Groceries, Merchandise, Etc.,
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1875
At 10 o'clock A. M

1 Large French Plate MIRROR 9 feet
1 " " " 6 feet,
2 Small " "

ALSO
BEDROOM FURNITURE, DINING ROOM AND KI[illegible]

ALSO
DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING

ALSO,
3511 bxs SOAP,
25 chests Japan TEA
[illegible] CIGARS La Matilda
50 bxs Carbolic SOAP
75 bxs Pacific SOAP
25 Challenge SOAP

ALSO,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

INSURANCE.

Firemen's Fund Insurance
OF CAPE [illegible]
FIRE AND MARINE.
Assets Exceed - $627,000
OREGON BRANCH
[illegible] EDWARD KEAN, [illegible]

THE STAR
Investment & Insurance
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO
[illegible] R. D. HARRIS,
Incorporated in 1871.
Cash Assets, - $[illegible]
[illegible] DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT,
[illegible] H. HUSHING Sec.
[illegible]
A. F. HOTALING & CO.,
Agents, Portland.

Insurance Company
[illegible] AND MARINE.
Capital [illegible] up in Gold Coin $750,000
Assets, exceed - $1 000,000
BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON
[illegible] Over Bank Building Portland
EDWIN D. BAKER, [illegible]
G. [illegible]

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NEW GOODS!

J. FLEISHNER.
Has [illegible] at his old stand, 126 First Street, and has opened an
[illegible] NEW STOCK OF
BOOTS & SHOES
[illegible]
PRICES [illegible] LOWEST

MADE TO ORDER
IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF [illegible] BOOTS, made to order, go to
J. BRADY,
No. 4 [illegible]
[illegible] ing promptly attended to.

FLORA 1875

Published Quarterly — JANUARY No. [illegible] and contains over 100 PAGES AND ENGRAVINGS, with Directions for Culture, Prices, etc.—The most [illegible] and [illegible] Plants in the world.—Only 25 cents per copy. Sent by mail [illegible] in Engl ish and German.
JAMES VICK, [illegible]
WILLIAM [illegible]

GEORGE MORROW
GEO. MORROW & CO.
GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
DEALERS IN
CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
39 Clay St. and 28 Commercial St. San Francisco
Refer by permission to R. C. KINNEY, Salem, Or.
al2d6m

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
PUBLIC READING ROOM.
LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS AND MAGAZINE—a quiet and cheerful room with reading matter for citizen and stranger—is open daily and evening. Strangers always welcome.
Young men's meetings daily (except Sundays) from 12 to 1 o'clock.
[illegible] Association meets [illegible] Bank corner, Third and Washington streets.
[illegible] CHAPIN,
General Secretary.

NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FIRM of Lee, Seiher & Co. of Harrisburg and Portland Oregon has been dissolved by mutual consent Mr Samuel Lee retiring from the firm. All debts due by said firm will be paid by Henry Seiher and Samuel Lee who will continue the business under firm name of Seiher Lee & Co. Seiher Lee & Co. of Harrisburg and they are authorized to collect all debts and demands due said firm.
SAMUEL LEE,
HENRY SEIHER,
SAMUEL [illegible]
Portland Jan 1st 1875

Daily Oregonian.
[illegible]ESDAY MORNING, JAN 6, 1875

CITY.

[illegible] ACCIDENT.—Hon Hiram Smith of [illegible] who arrived in this city last even[illegible] the following particulars of a [illegible] which happened at the Harris [illegible] on Thursday of last week An old [illegible]d John C Mansfield, who lives [illegible] went out on Thursday to [illegible] It was about 12 30 when he [illegible] Nothing more was [illegible] of [illegible] until the track walker who also lives at Sitka, thinking something had gone out to where the old gentle[illegible] heard chopping Lying on the [illegible] sprung in the clutch of death [illegible] the ax, was found the body of [illegible] against another The tree in its fall bent down the one against which [illegible] the earth when, breaking [illegible] sprung back with great force to its position So violently did the tree [illegible], that it broke short off about 15 [illegible] the ground. The upper portion was [illegible], and striking Mr Mans[illegible] the forehead killed him [illegible] Although it was not a stone's [illegible] the track, on the open ground, [illegible] were hauling wood near at [illegible] body remained undiscovered from [illegible] till 4 o'clock on the following [illegible]ing The coroner was notified of [illegible], an inquest held over the body [illegible] rendered in accordance with the [illegible] Deceased was aged 55 years [illegible] Oregonian, having created the [illegible] For many years he has resided [illegible]ty, engaged in farming His [illegible] at home when the fatal accident [illegible] being on a visit to her daughter [illegible]ber of relatives and friends mourn [illegible] departure of one so highly es[illegible] On Monday the remains were con[illegible] the grave.

[illegible]ONERS ARRIVED.—By the steamer [illegible], which reached here yesterday [illegible] five prisoners in custody of the [illegible]orities These prisoners are John [illegible]ercerly collector of customs at Port [illegible] M E Cutter, J P Wilson, Hugh [illegible] J C Curry Cart is charged with [illegible] filed several grave offenses while [illegible] official capacity at Wrangell The [illegible] named are arrested on charges of [illegible] the United States law regu[illegible] introduction into and sale [illegible] liquors in Alaska Terri[illegible] five prisoners were arrested [illegible] some time ago by the faith[illegible] and taken to Sitka, where [illegible] in close confinement until the [illegible] of the *Gussie Telfair* On the [illegible]r for this port, the prisoners [illegible] on board and brought [illegible]ohn and three soldiers as [illegible]ds as an escort Soon [illegible] arrived Cutter Wilson [illegible] were given over to the [illegible] Marshal Malarkey [illegible] arrest[illegible] of the military au[illegible] doubtless be handed over to [illegible] Yesterday afternoon [illegible] Waters and Curry were [illegible] U S. Commissioner Wilcox, [illegible] U S Attorney Mallory ap[illegible] of the prosecution, and [illegible] and T Bingham repre[illegible] of the defendants He [illegible] had proceeded far, the [illegible] of the case was post[illegible]noon at one o'clock [illegible] were each admitted [illegible]$500. Cars evening[illegible] place to-morrow

[illegible] MEETING.—The Baptist [illegible] last evening, and a most [illegible] of our relations as [illegible]urch and movements the coming year, as an out[illegible] announced, viz: "Prayer [illegible]ess and the unity [illegible] The church seem[illegible] for the best interests [illegible] in Portland and an [illegible] Fellowship [illegible] evening the meeting will [illegible] Subject, "The conversion of [illegible] family [illegible] All are welcome.

[illegible] Walla Walla's express train [illegible] had two hours, and did not ar[illegible] until after 12 o'clock. The [illegible] occasioned by the locomotive [illegible] the track at Albany on Monday [illegible] off on the track [illegible] the debris Not being able [illegible] the locomotive the engineer was [illegible] wait the arrival of the freight train [illegible] of the engine to which was attached [illegible] train, the locomotive in distress [illegible] in place and the express [illegible] this city without further detentions

[illegible] YORK.—A small but very appreci[illegible] was present last evening at [illegible] Hall to hear the lecture delivered [illegible] M. W Fechheimer, Esq for the [illegible] the Library Association Mr. Fech[illegible] lected for his subject 'Maimonides, [illegible] The effort was very credit[illegible] the lecturer and from beginning to [illegible] listened to with much pleasure by [illegible]

[illegible] REPORT.—From the records of the [illegible]al Station of Observation, Portland [illegible] January 5, 1875

	7 A M.	2 P M	9 P M.
[illegible]ometer	[illegible]50	[illegible]50	[illegible]50
[illegible]rection	E.	E.	S E
[illegible]ocity	18	18	7
[illegible]	Fair	Clear	Fair
[illegible]um temperature	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]50
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	18

[illegible]C SOCIAL UNION.—At the meeting [illegible] the following officers were elected for the [illegible] W J Kelly, Vice-President, James [illegible]y, H C F. [illegible], Treasur[illegible] A R 24 Professor E Nichols [illegible] Financer Gorman Stein, Malo [illegible] M J Gleason, Joseph R. Wiley, [illegible]; Music, Chas Petrain John [illegible] Dowling

[illegible] ELECTION.—Last even[illegible] officers were elected for the [illegible] H Saxer, President, F De[illegible]t, O A Burchardt Treas[illegible] Secretary, John Donner [illegible] and P Fitzbogen, Directors

[illegible] SOCIETY.—The month[illegible] this society will be held this [illegible] the office of Corbitt & Macleay

[illegible] OF THE MOUNTAINS.

The following dispatches which were kind[illegible] by the O S N Co will indicate [illegible] the weather east of the mountains [illegible]

[illegible] Named The dispatches were re[illegible] 8.30 o'clock last evening

[illegible] Walla Clear and cold, thermometer [illegible] 4½ inches snow on the ground.

[illegible] 2°, considerable ice running in the [illegible]

[illegible] thermometer 9°

[illegible] Clear and cold thermometer 17° [illegible] two inches snow on the ground

[illegible] Clear and cold thermometer 20°

PERSONAL.

Mr W. R. Matthews formerly connected with the Star Line agency in this city is now [illegible] of Monterey, California

Mr Daniel Clark Grand Master of the Pa[illegible] of Husbandry will leave on the out[illegible] for Grange Columbia S C to attend [illegible] Grange which convenes at that [illegible] the 3d of February next He will not [illegible] until some time in March

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

[illegible] Notice to Elizabeth Ann Northrup a lot [illegible] and containing 52 56 100 acres

[illegible] Chas and wife to I McGivren a piece [illegible] containing 60 acres of land in section 2 T [illegible]

[illegible] to T J Robinson lots 4 and 5, [illegible] Portland $ 300

[illegible] and wife and others to M S Grissen [illegible] in section 21 T 1 N R 1 E. $200

[illegible]son and wife to H M Burdin east ½ [illegible] 6, block 107 East Portland $400

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Mr. L. Story has quite a number of [illegible] window glass which he is desirous of [illegible] at a sacrifice, as he has no further [illegible] it, being out of the business An [illegible]nity to buy very cheap is offered

SUICIDE AT SEA.

AN INDIAN CHIEF CUTS HIS THROAT WHILE ON BOARD THE GUSSIE TELFAIR, AND DIES BY HIS OWN HANDS—ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP THE STEAMER.

Among the passengers brought down on the steamer *Gussie Telfair* from Sitka, was a sub-chief of the Stikine tribe, whose name was Fernandeste This sachem was the principal witness against one of the several prisoners brought down on that steamer to this city Fernandeste seemed rather loth to leave his native heath and acted at times a little singular while on his way down to this port Nothing, however was seriously thought of the chief's actions and no one harbored the most remote idea that he meditated self destruction While off the coast last Sunday evening about 8 o clock, Fernandeste retired to his state room He shut the door, tied his handkerchief to the knob on the inside and to some object in the room It seems that an other Indian—one of the same tribe—suspected the object of Fernandeste's retiring to the room About 15 or 20 minutes after the chief entered the state room the Indian went to the door, which he succeeded in opening by pulling violently at it A moment later he came running up to the first mate of the vessel, and by violent excited gesticulations and broken English signified that the chief had cut his throat The mate ran to the room and to his surprise and horror found the lifeless form of the Indian Fernandeste lying on the floor Life had just left the body as it was limp and still warm The alarm was given, and officers drew and passengers came rushing to the scene of the tragedy Examination disclosed the fact that Fernandeste had cut his throat literally from ear to ear The fatal deed was committed with a small pen knife the blade of which was not more than two inches in length He had evidently set about the bloody task with spirit and resolution and had accomplished the deed by sawing away at his throat with a degree of perseverance worthy of a better cause A ghastly and sickening spectacle was presented by the dead chief as he lay on the cabin floor weltering in his life's blood No reason can be assigned for this deliberate self murder except on the generally attributed and universally accepted theory of insanity Indeed there seems to be no other cause to which the rash deed can be assigned under the circumstances Deceased was aged about 40 years He was a chief of considerable authority among the Stikines, by which tribe he was held in high esteem After his death the body was carefully laid out and preserved until Astoria was reached At that place the remains were taken ashore and buried in a decent manner

Immediately following the tragic event on Sunday evening a remarkable and very exciting incident transpired on board the steamer The Indian who had been the first to discover and announce the suicide made an unsuccessful attempt to blow up the steamer Most fortunately for the vessel and for those on board the diabolical attempt was timely discovered and frustrated While the excitement over the finding of the lifeless remains of Fernandeste was at its hight this Indian deeming that a favorable opportunity had arrived, seized a large can of powder and started below with the intention of throwing it in the furnace He had almost succeeded in reaching the furnace and an instant later would have cast the explosive material into the burning coals, when he was caught and the can wrested from his hands Perhaps the quantity of powder was insufficient to have blown the steamer up, but the explosion would doubtless have done much damage to the boiler and fatally injured or killed outright a number of persons As might reasonably be expected, the affair created the most intense excitement on board to which that produced by the suicide was but secondary After this attempt the Indian was placed in confinement and kept under strict surveillance until the steamer reached this port He confessed, after being placed in confinement, that it was Fernandeste's intention to blow up the steamer while on the way down For want of a favorable opportunity the chief failed to carry into execution his diabolical scheme, and it would seem that the Indian finding his chief was dead, became seized with a sudden determination to carry into effect the original plan The unfortunate death of Fernandeste is much regretted by all on board the steamer but the officers of the v[illegible] are in no manner responsible for the tragical affair

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Common Council this evening

Steamer to sail Thursday evening

Yesterday was a bright sunny day

The bark *Reed* sailed for Portland yesterday

Hiram Smith, Esq of Harrisburg is in the city

Remember Prof C B Plummer at Masonic Hall this evening

M Rosendorf, Esq., formerly of this city, is now mayor of Independence

Ice was formed yesterday morning and last night indicated prospects of still more of it

Carpenters are engaged in laying a new floor in the first story of the O S N Co's dock

Two hundred and fifty tons of assorted cargo were brought up on the steamer *Oriflamme*

The steamer *Gussie Telfair* arrived here yesterday about 12 o clock She brought furs and coal

The schooner *Dreadnought* is now on the berth at San Francisco She will sail for Portland to-morrow

The schooner *Menschikoff* is now on the way to Portland with a full assorted cargo She sailed from San Francisco on the 30th ult

Excelsior Lodge No 1 K of P, will meet this evening, also Nonpareil Lodge No 86 I O O F and Samaritan Lodge No 2 I O O F

The renowned Col Mandeville will appear this evening at the Museum He is supported by several excellent actors The bill is a rich one

The following vessels having completed their cargoes of grain, passed out to sea on Monday *Roscoe*, *Gloria Gungner* and *Herne* The schooner *Oregonian* also sailed for San Francisco

Rev C R. Bonnell writes from Philadelphia "I am preaching here and there, and endeavoring to get help for Bishop Morris schools and hospital He sends Christmas and New Year greetings to all of his Tacoma friends

Hector Carder of Garden Grove, Iowa writes us as follows "Mr Editor—Sir If you will go to some good miller in your city and get me a receipt for making self rising flour I will reward you well for your trouble Will some person favor Mr Carder with the above and matters relating to the milling business

The following order has just been issued "Private Charles A. Penz, company H 21st Infantry, transferred at his request from company F at Fort Klamath by Regimental Orders No 68, series of 1874 on condition that all expenses involved by this transfer be paid by the applicant will report for duty with his company at Fort Vancouver

THE COURTS.

U S DISTRICT COURT—DEADY J

TUESDAY Jan 5 18[illegible]

In re St Helens Mill Co in bankruptcy petition of assignee to compound and settle the debt of J J Ladd order referring petition to register to examine and report

Order for 50 jurors from Multnomah Washington and Marion counties each for the ensuing year

Rule That the marshal have in lieu of mileage in bankruptcy cases besides actual expenses $3 50 per day in currency

Adjourned to Tuesday next

None but the best is the motto of Ordeman's First and Stark streets Interview him

Samuels Portland Directory for 1874 contained over 5000 names more (of bona fide residents of this city) than any other work of the kind for that year Hi Directory for 1875 which will be ready for delivery in a short time will compare as favorable Any one wanting a correct and reliable City Directory will do well by buying Samuels This is the only Directory publishing supplements

Of all the collars sold last year the "Imperial" took the lead This was because it was, and still is, the best

TO THE LADIES OF PORTLAND.

MRS W N WALLACE has established a first class DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT in one of the new and Elegant Rooms on Stark street, between First and Second, at which place she would respectfully solicit your patronage

A DUDDY DUEL IN NEBRASKA

A Lincoln, Nebraska dispatch says Last Sunday evening Hon. D. S. Parmelee a well-known citizen of Omaha and Elkhorn and a member of the Legislature of 1869-70 was going from the warehouse at Elkhorn station to his farm about three miles distant when he encountered a neighbor Tom Keeler who was also returning from the station Between Keeler a desperate, quarrelsome man and Parmelee there had been a feud of several years standing, and both men were armed on this occasion—Parmelee with a repeating rifle and Keeler with a double barreled shot gun Keeler when the wagons of the two neighbors were from eight to ten rods apart stopped and declared that they must fight it out then Both men buzzed their guns and sprung from their wagons Parmelee's first fire missed Keeler fired both barrels of his gun wounding Parmelee slightly and his horses severely Parmelee fired three times after being hit each shot taking effect in Keeler's neck and lungs killing him instantly The shooting occurred about half a mile from town and Parmelee returned immediately and gave himself up The preliminary examination was set for yesterday morning at Omaha

Public opinion seems strongly in favor of Parmelee who is a valued citizen and peaceable law abiding man and it is believed he acted strictly in self defense and that the community is well rid of the man whose murderous disposition has at last brought upon him its reward He always went it is said with one or two revolvers strapped to his hips boasting that no man could get the drop on him and he has died a fitting death Parmelee was arraigned last evening and gave bail in $1 000

SUPREME COURT

SALEM MONDAY Jan 4 18[illegible]

Court met pursuant to adjournment All the judges present

A A Fink respondent vs Canyon Road Co, appellant Appeal from Douglas, affirmed Opinion by McArthur J

W H Hungate appellant vs Ruth Boozer respondent Multnomah county judgment below affirmed Opinion by Prim J

S H Oliver appellant, vs James Harvey respondent, Benton county appeal dismissed for insufficiency of notice of appeal held that a stipulation continuing the cause signed by respondent did not give the court jurisdiction Opinion by Prim J

Gallatin Atkinds, et al appellants vs Hannan C Lewis respondent Benton county decree in the court below modified opinion by Shattuck J

The chief justice announced and read the following rule Upon the argument of all motions, counsel shall be limited to fifteen minutes on each side unless upon special order extending the time, to be applied for and made before commencing the argument counsel in such case may furnish the court with written brief

The Canyonville and Galesville Road Co appellants vs the County of Douglas respondents, hearing begun and occupied the remainder of the afternoon

Court adjourned until Tuesday morning, at 9 o clock

PARTICULARS OF THE MISSISSIPPI DUEL.—Mobile Dec 23.—The duel between Tardy and Lay was fought at Grand Bay Station in Mississippi Dueling pistols were used, not double barreled guns, as reported They fought at fifteen paces and Tardy was shot through the right side on a line with the heart, and died almost instantly His body was brought to this city last night. All the parties engaged in the affair including Drs Scales and Reese, were arrested this morning Lay is a prize fighter noted for his duelling propensities, and is an excellent shot Mr Tardy was quite near-sighted, and he did not fire The verdict of the coroner's jury was that deceased came to his death from a pistol shot fired by Benjamin Lay, and recommended that Lay and the two seconds be held for examination They have given bail to appear before the city court

AN AGED MEXICAN.—Pope Pius IX. has lately received from Santa Cruz, Cal through Cardinal Franchi, Prefect of the Propaganda, the photograph of a Mexican, still living who has [illegible] lived the age of 132 years. Beneath the picture are the [illegible] words, written in Spanish, "[illegible] old [illegible] was [illegible] Juanchano, [illegible] 122 years old, wish the most holy Pope long years of life" The parish register of Santa Cruz shows that Rozas was baptized March 4, 1752, being at that time about 40 years of age. He has always led an exemplary life and still walks to mass on Sundays with no help but that of his staff and asks the blessing of the Pope, whom he calls the *Capitan de los [illegible]*

A magnificent ring consisting of a ruby stone set with sixteen diamonds has been forwarded by Prince Baratinski to Mr Joseph Grimwade's station and dependent at Charing Cross London on behalf of the Empress of Russia in acknowledgment of services rendered during Her Majesty's stay in England

PAUSE WHILE YOU READ THIS! The season for parties and balls has arrived and the cold dreary days and nights of winter will soon visit us. Every young man old man and boy for that matter likes to present a neat appearance when attending parties, theatre or walking about the streets They like wise desire to be well provided against the cold blasts of snow and rain What contributes more to the personal appearance and comfort of a gentleman or boy than a nice closely fitting suit of clothes set off with a heavy warm overcoat? Why will any one be so foolish as to go without either when BECK & WALDMAN have everything in that line Beck & Waldman in laying in their immense fall and winter stock of Clothing, have exercised great care and selected with reference to the demands of trade They have purchased their goods low and will not be undersold Let the public note this fact.

Do You Want a fit out?
Do you want good under clothing?
Do you want stylish furnishing goods
Do you want a No 1 dress suit?
Do you want a first class overcoat?
Do you want to dress in style
Do you want to save money?
Do you want to get entire satisfaction?
Do you want to be happy and contented?
Do you want to look well dressed?
If you do then call on JOSEPH & JOHN opposite the National Bank

GEO. H CHANCE, Dentist.
Office—First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office)
PORTLAND

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR

Save hours of many dollars in money and many days of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it We do not claim [illegible] Oil cures rheumatism in gout sprains swellings scalds [illegible] bruises neuralgia lame back chronic sores sore throat cramps colic cholera morbus diarrhœa numbness head ache tooth ache ear ache and all acute and pains internal and external Sold by druggists

BURDA YOUR BLOOD

Strengthen and regulate your system Renew your age You can *do* so by using the Regulator and Purifier PRATT'S NEW LIFE stirring your torpid liver stimulating your kidneys regulating your bowels and preventing fever and ague [illegible] by dyspepsia jaundice dropsy heartdisease and all billious complaints with the great specific named PRATT'S NEW LIFE For sale by all druggists

A. Bridell & Co Druggists 304 Washington street San Francisco manufacturers and sole proprietors.

[illegible] for Circulars—[illegible] & Expressman

The Mind Dependent on the Body

[illegible] common that many people [illegible] generally suppose It is its express [illegible] progressing from mental depression [illegible] the blues to mental hallucination [illegible] and every one of these maladies It is a significant fact that a mental ailment is invariably accompanied by dyspepsia and nervous [illegible] the fact that it really [illegible] a portion of the [illegible] Bitters which [illegible] to the cradle of [illegible] and [illegible] it [illegible] bills [illegible] [illegible] which [illegible] [illegible] will compare as [illegible] upon the body [illegible] these [illegible] to equilibrate [illegible] [illegible] may be [illegible] [illegible] ment [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING JAN 6, 1875

WHEREFORE ART THOU, RO

A GREAT SOCIETY SENSATION—DIVORCE SUIT IN ENGLAND—EXTRAORDINARY REVELATIONS—THE PERRINS JUICE IN A THREE-CENT EDITION.

Recent Eastern exchanges have promulgated the fact of Miss Neilson a partial failure in her professional career during the present season. A Brooklyn paper tells how the boy has a tail.

The matter which is just now creating the most excitement in dramatic circles on this side of the ocean is the revelation which has recently taken place in England regarding the private life of Mrs Adelaide Neilson Lee, and which has shown that charming lady to the world in anything but a pleasant light to herself though, no doubt it has been highly pleasant to the world Miss Neilson's, or more properly speaking Mrs Philip Lee's success in this country was as much a social as a dramatic one. The lady aspired to and succeeded in, being introduced into some of the best families here. She came over with several good letters of introduction and a husband who had every appearance of a gentleman at first sight. The letters are from

HIGH TORIES PEOPLE

on the other side, and describe Mrs Neilson Lee as a remarkably virtuous and even austere woman, while her husband was stated to be the son of a clergyman in the best repute in the Church of England. All this, of course, helped Miss Neilson in her monetary success. People who don't often go to the theaters went to see her because she was such an excellent young woman. She had plenty of money spent it freely, dressed her husband well, and let him have all the money he wanted. Everybody voted Miss Neilson a pretty woman and a good actress while her husband was set down to be an inoffensive kind-hearted sort of an ass. Subsequent occurrences, however, have made the more knave than fool. After the season was over in the spring of 1873, Miss Neilson went to England and a few months there and came back in the fall and played a second engagement over the country to even still better business. She was, indeed, acquainted

THE BEST PAYING FEMALE STAR

of the day. She returned to England once more in the spring of the present year, and this time, no doubt very unwillingly, the most central, because the best known figure in one of the most celebrated divorce suits which have interested a country extensively productive of the article. For if anything more than another could tend to destroy the generally accepted delusion of

THE PERFECTION OF DOMESTIC VIRTUE

in England it would be the records of the Divorce Court first brought into being by that wonderful genius but great lawyer, Sir Cresswell Cresswell, who was its presiding judge for so many years. This particular divorce case of which we speak was one which would have delighted that gentleman to try. It became known as the case of Birch vs Birch, in which Mrs Eleanor Birch, of Manchester in the county of Lancashire, sued her lawful husband, Thomas Birch a wealthy cotton spinner, on the ground of adultery, for divorce and alimony. What gave the case its most peculiar interest was the fact that Miss Neilson, alias Mrs Philip Lee, was the co-respondent in the case. Such a legal event once as a co-respondent is not known on this side of the Atlantic, but it may be described as the third party to the suit, and the one upon whom indeed the case mainly rests. The accusation made by Mrs Birch was that in the summer of 1873 her husband, Thomas Birch, had committed adultery with the before-named co-respondent Mrs Adelaide Neilson Lee. The case was taken before a jury and the Hon. Mr Justice Lush tried it on the Northern Circuit at Leeds during the past summer. Upon the trial, which occupied several days, the forty developed were of the most interesting character, and, of course, owners to the high position in which Mr Birch became acquainted with Miss Neilson, as one of the favorites of London and that the acquaintance ripened into a friendship which Mr Birch did not conceal from his wife, who, of course, never doubted its entire innocence. Some time after, Miss Neilson was engaged to play

A ROUND OF HER CHARACTERS

in Manchester, the city where Mr and Mrs Birch resided. The husband proposed to his wife to invite Mr and Mrs. Lee to their house during the time they should remain in Manchester, to which the wife freely consented. The invitation was given and accepted and upon the arrival of Mr and Mrs Lee in Manchester they immediately repaired to the residence of Mr Birch, which was a little way out of the city, and one of the most magnificent country houses in England. Miss Neilson was to perform at the theater, and Mr and Mrs Birch, accompanied by Mr. Lee, attended nightly. This went on for several days, all seeming charming, and all went on well for a week or two, when Mrs Birch's near relations fell seriously ill, in a distant part of the country, and it became necessary for her to leave her home and pay a visit to her sick relative Mr Birch cordially approved of the resolve, and it was arranged between them that her absence should make no difference in the continuation of the stay of Mr and Mrs Lee at their house. The wife departed and left Mr Birch and Mr and Mrs Lee at her home behind her, and they all manifested so much interest as to accompany her a portion of the way on her journey. They returned to the home of Mr Birch, and then came the act of which Mrs Birch complained. It appears that

AT LEAST ON TWO NIGHTS

which were testified to, Mrs Neilson Lee left her husband to sleep alone on a sofa in a lower room while she repaired up stairs to the bed of Mr Birch, and there remained. In the trial which was conducted this fact was clearly proven, though the motive which induced the silent complaisance on the part of Mr. Lee was not shown. It appeared, however, that Mr Birch awarded Mrs Lee by several handsome and costly presents.

Soon after the separation of the engagement of Miss Neilson at Manchester, Mr. and Mrs Lee left the house of Mr Birch, and before the return of the wife.

The latter learned the facts of the case some time after through the servants in the house and she immediately left her husband and entered the suit for divorce. Upon this showing the jury granted Mrs Birch the divorce and alimony for which she prayed. The case was reported at great length in the English papers and caused no small sensation. Miss Neilson was, of course, in consequence

TABOOED FROM ALL RESPECTABLE SOCIETY,

and the case was cause in fact of a separation between Mr and Mrs Lee. Who was the one that insisted on this is not known, but it is probable that while Mr Philip Lee could possibly stand his wife's infidelity, and even consent to it he could not stand its *eclat* and the anything but enviable position in which his own wretched conduct placed him. In any case he no doubt thought it unhealthy for him to visit America this season.

It was almost immediately after the trial of the case, and still smarting from its disgrace, that Miss Neilson came back here. While, singular to say few people seemed to have heard of it here no interesting piece of information soon got noised abroad and known, spite of the extraordinary efforts put forth to

KEEP IT OUT OF THE PAPERS

The whispered knowledge of the affair has had a damning effect upon Miss Neilson's future career here. The society which received her before with open arms refused to have anything further to do with her and to that extent that her business at the Fifth Avenue Theater in New York was a losing one from beginning to end. While we comment and deplore this unCharitableness on the part of the public which after all has nothing to do with an artist's private life, we're afraid the knowledge of the affair may have the same effect upon Miss Neilson's business during her coming engagement in Brooklyn that it had in New York. We speak therefore, of the whole affair more in sorrow than in anger for no doubt Mrs Lee of a

MEDIOCRE ACTRESS

but rather pretty young woman is quite blasted by the *exposé*. It is a great pity but then no woman ever had less excuse to go astray and the public will probably look at it in this way. Much as we may condemn the woman however, what can be said of the man who consented to her disbonor and probably found no small profit in it? In all matters of this kind Brooklyn is

SOMEWHAT STRAIGHT LACED

and the knowledge of this story will probably [illegible] the lady very bad houses if she cares to come here. Several stories of the kind had been whispered about Miss Neilson before her marriage, in one of which she is said to have eloped with Prince Teck, husband of Princess Mary of Cambridge, and that the Queen found it necessary to follow them both to Prussia and make the princely scion return Miss Neilson letting him go for a consideration from the Queen. But, of course,

MARRIAGE COVERED ALL THIS

It was not thought then she would do any more of this sort of thing, but this piece of work is strong you see. The question is would not this expose resulting in such damage to her that she is no more attractive to the public justify her manager in breaking his contract with her.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial

[illegible] CAN LOANS [illegible] 18

Gold in New York 11-3.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying [illegible] selling 89¼

Legal tenders in San Francisco 88¼ buying, 89¼ selling.

Sight exchange on San Francisco coin par discount currency ½ of 1 per cent. prem.

Sight exchange on New York coin ¼ of one per cent prem and currency ½ of one per cent.

Price of Sterling exchange in New York $4 84½ @ 4 88

Gold bars, 7256 750

Latest telegrams from Liverpool denote a quiet market. Quotations are as follows: Oregon white No 64 cargoes on the spot 46- d. Oregon white No 64 cargoes Oregon for shipment to Cork 9s d. due to Liverpool, 9s 1d per cental. Liverpool cargoes for shipment 4os 6d per quarter of 480 lbs.

The appearance of matters in local mercantile circles is not changed since yesterday, and no extra demand seems yet to have set in since the first of the month. Yesterday and to-day have been quiet in money matters except in local collections which are reported ready in most instances indicative of a very fair degree of ease and a free supply of coin in general circulation. Remittances from the interior are coming forward in very much reduced volume, as is the rule at this date in the year. The people at large in our State are about as nearly clear of debt as ever before and with a revival of business activity there is no reason why the year upon which we have just entered should not be a fairly prosperous one.

A late Chicago paper, speaking of the new financial bill in the Senate says: "After January 1879, the bill requires that the Secretary shall redeem in coin the treasury notes then outstanding on presentation, &c. This plan of redemption is easily understood. But the bill is a little opaque as to the mode by which the secretary is to get the funds for this redemption and for the preliminary or preparatory redemption of the eighty millions. For both those redemptions he is authorized to use any surplus revenues in the treasury, and to issue sell and dispose of at not less than par in coin any of the 5, 4½ and 4 per cent. bonds heretofore authorized to be issued. The acts of 1870–71 authorized the issue of $.00 000 000 of 5 per cents all of which have been negotiated except $129 000 000, for which certain persons have an agreement securing to them an option until January 1, 1879. This will dispose of all the 5 per cents authorized to be issued leaving the secretary with authority only to issue bonds at 4½ and not 4 per cent. As the 5 per cents are just struggling to keep at par it is not likely that the secretary will be able to sell any of the 4 or 4½ per cents at par for coin for many years to come. We believe there is no nation in the world which can sell 4½ per cent. bonds at par except England. French and German 5 per cents are hardly at par. The whole issue of 6 per cent. Government bonds when the syndicate take the $123 000,000 will be nearly $700 000 000 and, until these take a permanent value above par the opportunity of selling the lower rate of interest bonds will not present itself. It may be that Congress will have to authorize an increased issue of 6 per cent. bonds to meet the redemption of greenbacks."

In trade circles to-day the feeling of quietness is somewhat disturbed, but not animated by apprehensions of cold weather which will reduce the volume of water in the upper river interrupting the transportation of produce to this market, and the loading of vessels expected here for cargoes very soon. Prices for leading commodities are firm at our last figures, and in some minor articles of produce a slight advance is noted. Wheat and flour however, remain without change in the aspect of the market but few sellers being on the market so early in the week.

The *Commercial Herald*, San Francisco, Dec 31st says "Tonnage continues to be very plentiful, arrivals numerous mostly local laden or in ballast. Freights entirely nominal to the United Kingdom. Some owners continue to load vessels for ships account in preference to taking charters at the rates offered say £° 10s to a direct port. There is at present a very large supply of disengaged tonnage in our harbor, in addition to the scores of ships having charters. The number of vessels on the U. S. berth is yet large and they are having usual dispatch. There is no scarcity of wheat in the State quite sufficient to load all now here and to arrive before harvest but the difficulty is for ship owners and exporters to agree upon terms that will admit of a free outward movement of our large stock of wheat and flour."

Miscellaneous.

Whilst a number of the vessels of the North German are in the market for sale and the builders on the Clyde begin to apprehend evil days the Delaware river iron shipbuilding and engine works have just concluded contracts for the construction of five new iron steamships. More and more clearly is it becoming apparent that American vessels can successfully compete with those of foreign construction on their individual merits irrespective of any other consideration.

The trade in whisky has not been affected by the hard times apparently. The production at Cincinnati for 1874 was 86 000 000 gallons ahead of 1873.

The aggregate value of petroleum exported during 1874 was $4 000 767 against $33 761 587 in 1873 and $36,442,482 the year before—making a total for three years of $110 146 836 all of which is so much gain to the general wealth of the country.

A late report of the business of the New York clearing house for the year ending September 30 shows an immense decrease in speculative business in that city as compared with former years the fall for of this year as compared with last year, amounting to 40 per cent. So much the safer.

The marine tonnage of the several cities of the country is given by the reports just published at Washington, as follows:

New York	1 012 745	Baltimore	121 157
Philadelphia	315,542	Oswego	114 857
Boston	274 941	Pittsburgh	103 853
Bath	125 91	Portland	104 832
San Francisco	124 055	Chicago	85 971
Buffalo	120,819	Waldoboro	100 613
St. Louis	121 046		

The tonnage of the lakes is 758 858 and that of the Western rivers 573 474.

The total importations of dry goods at New York for the first eleven months of the year 1874 were about 50 000 000 below the figures of the corresponding period in 1873 and upwards of $.. 000,000 below the sales for the first eleven months of 1872. Good There no more valid reason why we should not manufacture our own clothing than there is that we should not raise our own food supplies.

By the employment of steam on the New York canal grain was transported from Buffalo to tide water at a cost of 4 mills per ton per mile against 1 cent per ton per mile by railroad. It is now predicted that the introduction of steam barges on the lakes will ere it vastly reduce the rates for carrying wheat from Chicago to Buffalo to 4½ cents, and that the tolls from Buffalo to New York will be again decreased to cents by the employment of steam in the canal—making a total reduction per bushel of wheat of from 10 to 15 cents. If this is not cheap transportation it would be difficult to tell what is.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 5—Flour—$1 Wheat—$1 60 Barley—$1 Oats—$1 @ [illegible] Hay—$1 [illegible] Potatoes—Choice $1 [illegible]

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamer Gussie Telfair from Sitka and ports this sail arrived to day at 12 M.

The steamship Orilamme brought from San Francisco about 250 tons assorted merchandise.

The British ship I. C. Troop will be due at Victoria the latter part of this week.

The British ship Conflict 1 171 registered tons has been chartered at San Francisco to load wheat at Astoria on terms reserved.

The ship Conflict now under charter to load wheat at Astoria for Europe arrived at San Francisco Dec 4th from New Zealand in ballast.

There were 40 disengaged vessels suitable for the grain trade in the harbor of San Francisco on New Years day and about the same number loading for Europe.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 5—Sailed—British ship Legion of Honor Queenstown, steamer Los Angeles Victoria bark Amethyst Bellingham Bay.

San Francisco Stock Market.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 6—Opening Call, Gould & Curry 64¾, B. & Bs. Savage 17¾ Chollar 19 Hale & Norcross 71 Crown Point 4 Bullion 160 Belcher 56 Confidence 47½ Con Virginia 465 California 486, Sagebrush 20 Overman [illegible]

LIST OF POST-OFFICES

OREGON.

Baker Co
Auburn
Baker City
Clark's Mill
Eagle Valley
Express Ranch
Flagg
Granite
Sumpter
Hot Spring
Indian Valley
Lee Valley
Wingville

Benton.
Alsea Valley,
Bruce Creek
Burnsville
Johnson's Valley
Little Elk
Monroe
Newport
New York
Summit
Tidewater
Yaquina

Clackamas.
Beaver
Butte Creek
Canby
Clackamas
Clear Creek
Cottingsville
Damascus
Eagle Creek
Gladstone
Hillsland
Molalla
Milwaukie
North
Oregon City
Sandy
Springwater
Zion

Clatsop.
Astoria
Clifton,
Franklin
Knappa,
Nehalem
Skipanon
Seaside House
Westport.

Coos.
Coos River
Coquille
Empire City
Fairchant d'Paris
Fairview
Hermansville,
Isthmus
Marshfield
Randolph
Sitkum

Columbia.
Columbia City
Clatskanie
Marshland
Rainier,
Riverside
St Helens
Scappoose Island
Scappoose

Curry.
Chetco
Ellensburg
Fort Orford

Douglas.
Camas Valley,
Cleveland
Coles Valley
N. Canyonville,
Drain
Elkton
Galesville
Green Valley
Kellogus
Looking Glass
Myrtle Creek
Oakland
Roseburg
Scottsburg
Ten Mile

Grant.
Alvord
Canyon City
Camp Watson
Dayville
Fields
Granite City
Parkersville
Prairie Bird
Sumter

Jackson.
Applegate
Butte Falls Mills
Table Rock
Central Point
Dry Valley
Eagle Point
Forest Home
Jacksonville
Lake
Langell Valley
Linkville
Phoenix
Rock Point,
Sam's Valley
Sprague River,
Table Rock
Willow Springs
Yamhill

Josephine.
Kirby
Leland
Slate Creek
Waldo

Lane.
Butte Disappointment
Big Prairie
Cottage Grove,
Coast Fork
Camp Creek
Cartwright's
Crow,
Eugene City,
Franklin
Goshen
Junction
Long Tom
Mohawk
Pleasant Hill
Rattlesnake,
Siuslaw
Spencer Creek
Springfield
Willamette Forks

Linn.
Albany
Big Prairie
Brownsville,
Calapooia
Crawfordsville
Diamon Hill,
Fox Valley
Green Ridge
Harris Ranch
Harrisburg
Halsey
Jordan
Lebanon
Miller
Muddy
Mount Pleasant
Peoria,
Peoria
Scio
Soda Springs
Shedd's
Sweethome

Marion.
Aurora,
Amsville,
Butteville,
Brooks
Gervais,
Hubbard
Jefferson
Marion
Monitor
Newell's ville
Salem
Silverton
Scio
Stayton
St Paul
Sublimity

Polk
Bethel
Black's Vista
Dallas,
Eola
Elk Horn
Grand Ronde
Independence
Lincoln
Luckiamute
Rock Ville
Rhoan with
Rickreall,
Zena

Tillamook.
Garibaldi,
Kilchis
Netarts
Nestucca
Tillamook
Trask

Umatilla
Butter Creek
Hepner
Marshall
Pendleton
Umatilla
Weston
Willow Forks,

Union.
Cove
Island City
La Grande
North Powder,
Orodell
Summerville,
Union
Wallowa.

Wasco.
Antelope
Big Log Creek
Hood River
Pinery
Mitchell
Mt. Hood,
Scotts
Shoalwater
Shaniko Hollow,
The Dalles
Warm Springs
Wasco
Willoughby

Washington.
Beaverton
Cedar Hill
Cornelius
Dilley
Forest Grove
Garden
Greenville
Hillsboro,
Joppa
Middleton
Mountain Dale
Peake
Shell's Ferry
Taylor's Ferry
Wapato
West Union,

Yamhill.
Amity
Bellevue,
Carlton
Dayton
Lafayette
McMinnville
North Yamhill,
St Joe,
Sheridan
West Chehalem,
Wheatland,
Newberg

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Clallam Co.
Neah Bay
New Dungeness,
Port Angeles

Clarke.
Battle Ground
Brush Prairie
Fourth Plain
Lewis River
Pioneer
Union Ridge,
Vancouver
Washougal

Chehalis.
Cedarville
Chehalis Point
Elma
Hoquiam
Montesano
Oakville
Satsop,
Sharon

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock,
Carrolton
Freeport
Indiana
Lower Coulitz
Martin's Bluff
Monticello
Mt. Coffin
Oak Point
Pekin

Island.
Coupeville
Coveland
Utsalady

Jefferson.
Port Discovery,
Port Ludlow
Port Townsend

King.
Black River,
Dwamish
Kent
Seattle
Slaughter
Snoqualmie,
Squak
White River

Kitsap.
Blakely
Port Madison
Port William
Port Orchard
Scabeck

Pacific.
Brookfield,
Bruceport
Chinook
Knappton
Oysterville,
Riverside,
Unity
Walton
Woodard's land

Skamania.
Cascades

Stevens.
Chewelah,
Colville,
Four Corners
Fort Colville
Four Lakes
Owensburgh

Snohomish.
Lowell
Mukilteo
Snohomish
Tulalip

Skamania.
Cascades

Thurston
Bentor
Miami Prairie,
Olympia
Tenino
Tumwater,
Yelm.

Wahkiakum.
Cathlamet,
Eagle Cliff
Skamokawa
Waterford,

Walla Walla.
Alpowa,
Dayton,
Pataha
Tukanon
Walla Walla
Wallula
Waitsburg
Whitman

Whatcom.
Chehalis
Fidalgo
La Conner
Lummi,
Lopez,
Orcas Island
Samish,
Semiahmoo
Ship Harbor,
Skagit,
Whatcom
Texmass.

Whitman.
Ewansville,
Palouse

Yakima.
Atanum
Ellensburg,
Fort Simcoe
Kamiakin,
Kittitas
Rink Sec
Sanum
Pleasant Grove
Selah
Yakima

*Money Order Offices.

The Gorgons were three celebrated sisters whose hairs were entwined with serpents they had wings of gold, their heads were of brass their bodies covered with scales their teeth were as long as the tusks of a wild boar and they turned to stone all on whom they fixed their eyes. They are mythological creations—but in some degree they may be seen some women who are regardless of their person and adornments—who allow the charms which nature in order to all the rest (their hair to become dishevelled unheeded and finally to drop out when by the use of LYON'S KATHAIRON they could retain both all its health and beauty, and the witching grace of comeliness.

Ear Ache is unquestionably the King of the Forest where pains grow. Its evergreen tooth ache in its worst estate and its victims declare that it almost maddens them. But a few drops of the MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT poured into the ear will relieve instant and what is far more permanent relief. This preparation has been in use for thirty years and wherever tried is regarded as a specific for all neuralgic pains. It is equally beneficial upon children of tender age. It is to be found in any drug store on this continent and across the sea.

Our Climate has much to do with the complexion—our mode of living more. What multitudes of ladies resort to powders and applications which they rub upon their faces, &c., to the detriment of their health, not considering the injured skin forceful that water will remove the cuticle, and leave the skin unhealthy. A few days' use of HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM which for thirty many years has contributed to the beautification and health of the complexion and skin of the fair ladies.

The greater number of persons afflicted with DYSPEPSIA can be found among the worn specimens of humanity—merchants and professionals with those of sedentary habits who neglect to have a sovereign remedy to take effect in exercising the use of the world renowned HOSTETTER'S BITTERS will spare the wear and tear of the system and render it healthy.

Colds and Coughs—sudden changes of climate are sources of [illegible] *effect ons.* Take at once *Brown's Bronchial Troches*. It the Cold Cough, or Irritation of the throat be not overcome.

Take AYER'S PILLS for all the purposes of a purgative for Constipation Indigestion Headache and Liver Complaint. By universal accord they are the best of all purgatives for family use.

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Arrival and Departure of Mails at the Portland Post Office.

Eastern and California through mail arrives daily at 4 10 p m Closes at 9 a m
Way mail going south on the East Side R R for Oregon and Northern California arrives daily at 4 10 p m Closes at 9 a m
West side R. R. for Hillsboro and Forest Grove, arrives daily at 6 p m Closes at 9 a m
The Dalles and Eastern Oregon Washington Territory and Idaho arrives daily (sunday excepted) at 6 p m Closes at 9 a m
Kalama, Olympia, St Helens and Clifton, Lahiper Astoria arrives daily (sunday excepted) at about 6 p m Closes at 9 a m
Sauvies Island Mount Coffin Skamokawa, Cathlamet Eagle Cliff Oak Point leaves Monday Wednesday and Friday arrives Tuesday Thursday and Saturday between 4 and 6 p m Closes at 9 a m
Scappoose Westport, Columbia City Willamette Slough leave Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday arrives Monday Wednesday and Friday at about 6 p m Closes at 5 o'clock p m
Knappa leaves Thursday arrives Friday about 6 p m Closes at 9 o'clock a m
Lafayette via Dundee Middleton and Newberg Closes Friday at 6 a m arrives Saturday 5 p m
Salem via Damascus, Eagle Creek, Cuttingsville Butte Creek and Silverton leaves Friday at 6 a m arrives Wednesday at 6 p m Closes 9 p m
Schultz's Ferry leaves Saturday arrives Monday at 10 a m Closes at 10 a m
White Salmon W. T. leaves Saturday arrives Monday at 4 p m
Sitka, Alaska, once a month
San Francisco Call by steamer tri monthly
Hood River and Shell Rock (Oregon) leave Saturday at 6 A M arrive Monday evening
Coos Bay mails arrive Tuesday and Friday and going connect at Roseburg Monday and Thursday

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Colds, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption.

The few compositions which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words among not only one but many nations must have extraordinary virtues.—Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation or maintained it so long as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has been known to the public about forty years by a long continued series of marvellous cures that have won for it a confidence in its virtues never equalled by any. Instances from their fatal effects that is well founded if the remedy be taken in season. Every family should have it in their closet for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness suffering, and even life is saved by this timely protection. The importance of not neglecting it at the first will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords by its timely use in sudden attacks.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

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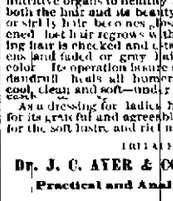
DAVIS & SCHUYLER, Wholesale Agents Portland, Oregon

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR

TO ITS NATURAL VITALITY & COLOR



Advancing years sickness care disappointment and hereditary predisposition, all turn the hair gray and either of them lifetime it to shed prematurely. Ayer's Hair Vigor, by long and extensive use, has proven that it does restore the vitality of the hair, immediately on its appearance, to its natural color. It stimulates the nutritive organs to healthy activity, and preserves both the hair and its beauty. Thus baldness, weak or sickly hair becomes, luxuriant, glossy, pliable and strength ened, lost hair regrows with its original expression, falling hair is checked and established the hair thereafter remains full and fresh, and gray hair resumes their original color. Its operation is sure and harmless. It cures dandruff, heals all humors, and keeps the scalp cool, clean, and soft—under which conditions disease cannot exist.

As a dressing for ladies' hair the Vigor is praised for its grateful and agreeable perfume, and valued for the soft lustre and richness it imparts.

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THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURNISHED throughout in a superb manner is now open for the reception of guests.

The Finest Rooms and the Best Table in Oregon at moderate prices.

Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steamship Company.

Street Cars pass the door.

Free Coach to and from the House.

Street Car tickets furnished free to guests.

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Everything New—Comfortable Rooms—Good Tables—Moderate Rates.

THOMPSON HOUSE,

First and Jefferson Streets.

Board and Lodging, per week $5 00
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The House is new and has finished and the board is as good as any first class house.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

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A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads.

Employers in want of help please call.

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GOOD BEDS AND CLEAN ROOMS.

GIVE ME A CALL.

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m4d3m

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THOMAS SMITH, - PROPRIETOR.

Late of the Empire Hotel, The Dalles.

Having leased this Magnificent Hotel for a term of years it will be my sole object to please.

Free Coach to the House. n18d1y

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REID & VESTAL,

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Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to the

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Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

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HARDWARE IRON AND STEEL.

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Shel and Builders' Hardware,

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Miners's Goods,

Nails, Rope, Shovels, Anvils, Axes, Etc.

All of which are offered at the Lowest Rates.

He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Would invite particular attention to buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings either a WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Rock River Paper Company's

PATENT

FELT ROOFING.

PUT ON FOR $3 50 PER SQUARE

PREPARED PLASTERING BOARD,

Sheathing and Carpet Paper.

For sale by H. C. MORRICE,

Gilsan's Buildings, First st. near Ash.

Regalia and Trimmings,

ONLY REGALIA HOUSE IN THE STATE.

MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS,

Gold and Silver Laces, Fringes,

Spangles, Stars, Buttons, Etc.

H. C. MORRICE,

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56 FRONT STREET.

DEALERS IN

DOORS AND BLINDS

WINDOW SASH, ETC.

1,000 Boxes Glass

ENAMELED GLASS.
STAINED GLASS,
CRYSTAL SHEET,
And CUT GLASS.

PRICES REDUCED

Call before purchasing elsewhere.

GLAZING DONE TO ORDER.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy. In the matter of H. H. Olmstead, bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by said H. H. Olmstead, duly declaring him a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, and that the debts and liabilities of said bankrupt are all declared and that the first meeting of said creditors to be holden at the office of H. H. Northrup, in Portland, in said district, before Jesse Applegate, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy in said district, will be held on the 20th day of January, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the office of H. H. Northrup, in Portland, in said district, before Jesse Applegate, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy in said district, at which time said creditors may attend, prove their debts, appoint an assignee, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting, pursuant to the provisions of the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, and the Acts amendatory thereof. And notice is hereby given that any person may attend and prove claims of any creditors who may be present at the meeting. JOHN CATLIN, Clerk of the District Court.

DELINQUENT TAX NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Directors of School District No. 1 in Multnomah county, Oregon, has made out the Clerk's delinquent list on the 4th day of December, 1874, for the payment of taxes levied for school purposes for the year 1874, and that unless further costs will be made by distraint and sale of property I. D. HOFMAN.

d3d1m

PORTLAND GLUE FACTORY.

OFFICE ON FIRST STREET, BETWEEN Taylor and Salmon, next door to Block and Ladder Engine House. Have always on hand Glue, Curled Hair and Neats Foot Oil at San Francisco Prices. METZGER & STIEL.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY LICENSES.

LICENSES FOR THE CURRENT QUARTER ARE now due and payment therefor must be made on or before the 10th inst at my office 87 First st.

Liquor dealers must have their bond approved before payment can be made. L. H. LEWIS, Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland January 1 1875.

Front Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve the east half of front street between the centers of Morrison and Salmon streets by constructing sidewalks with suitable foundations and laying curbs and gutters except in front of lots 3 and 4 in block 7 of which sidewalks have already been laid.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Dec 8 1874 d10d

D Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve that part of D street lying between North Front and North Fourth streets by grading planking the roadway the full width and laying sidewalks.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Dec 28 1874 d10d

Montgomery Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve that part of Montgomery street lying between the centers of Sixth and Seventh streets by grading and laying side walks and cross walks.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Dec 29 1874 d10d

Ordinance No. 1587.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE CONstruction of a sidewalk and certain additions to the house of Multnomah Engine Co. No. 2.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the Committee on Fire and Water and Chief Engineer are hereby authorized to advertise for receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder for the construction of a new sidewalk and certain additions to the house of Multnomah Engine Co. No. 2 as per plans and specifications filed in the office of the Auditor and Clerk Dec 23 1874 provided the cost thereof shall not exceed the sum of seven hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council December 29 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Appro